The Lima Times-Democrat.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUB'G CO.

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One copy one year, in advance $5 00
Six months, in advance 2 50
By carrier, per week.............. 10 cents.

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,
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TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.

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WILL IT BE AN INCOME TAX?

The question of revenue for carrying on the Government, in the event of the general reduction of tariff duties, is a serious one and is a subject of considerable discussion and much thought among the members of the Democratic party who will be instrumental in bringing about the tariff reform. The idea of deriving a revenue from an income tax is favorably considered by many, among the most earnest champions of it being Hon. John DeWitt Warner, of the 13th Congressional district, New York. His district is the home of millionaires and multi-millionaires, and includes the Vanderbilts, Goulds, Astors, Rockefellers, Havemeyers, Whitneys, and perhaps 400 or 500 more of the wealthiest of New York city's 1200 or 1300 millionaires. Under an income tax this district would probably contribute more to the revenue than any other district and more than any one State, except, perhaps, ten or twelve of the largest. Yet Mr. Warner advocates an income tax. He not only thinks it more just than a tariff tax, but he believes it would meet the approval of the tens of thousands of mechanics, clerks and laborers in his district. We quote the following from an interview with Mr. Warnee in the *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin*:

"I certainly prefer an income tax, if it is necessary to raise sufficient revenue, rather than the retention of such high tariff duties as to involve an inordinate proportion of protection. I would not hesitate a minute how to vote if the question were presented between a protective tariff which would furnish the necessary revenue and a bill which made the duties one-third lower and enacted an income tax to supply the deficiency. Personally, I think it would not be long before a substantially revenue tariff would bring as much money into the Treasury as would higher rates, because not only would imports increase as the result of lower tariff rates, but we should have such an era of prosperity that exports would greatly increase and would naturally be paid for to a large extent to a further increase of imports."

"But do you think it necessary to put the entire machinery for collecting an income tax into operation to raise $20,000,000 or $50,000,000?" was asked.

"The machinery need be no more elaborate than for the collection of any other tax, and I fear the amount of the deficit to be provided for the first year may reach $50,000,000, or more. I do not think, however, that an income tax would be really necessary, because an increase in customs receipts under a revenue tariff might soon give us a surplus, and we could issue in the meantime Treasury certificates redeemable at the pleasure of the Government within not more than ten years. There may be a disposition in the House, however, to insist upon legislation which will meet the whole revenue problem at once. Members may say that my expectation of increased customs receipts is only a prediction, and that adequate revenue ought to be certainly provided for now. We shall then have a contest between different plans for meeting the emergency. There will be the same opposition to an income tax as there is to any new form of taxation; and of the contest between the income tax, the plan for issue of bonds, and other plans, I should not be surprised if the final outcome were authority to meet any temporary deficit by the issue of short-term bonds in anticipation of income, leaving the question of whether an income tax is needed to be settled by experiment, and this seems to me to be the best plan at present."

"But do you not think that the needed revenue can be raised by increasing the internal revenue tax on beer or whiskey?"

"I presume it could be raised by doubling the beer tax," replied Mr. Warner; "but I do not favor such a proposition as supplementing a tariff already so high as to levy from those in poor or moderate circumstances the greater part of the necessary income of the Government. If it is true that an income tax would levy its heaviest burdens on the rich, while it let the poor escape taxation, this would hardly be more than a fair offset for the enormously disproportionate burden which is imposed upon consumption instead of wealth by tariff taxation. The increase of the tax on beer would simply carry further the same wrong theory of legislation. If, however, it was a question of taking it off of clothes and putting it on beer, I would be for taking it off of clothes, but I am not in favor of putting it on both in order to saddle the whole tax on consumption."

"But do you believe that the increase in tax on beer would affect the retail price?" asked your correspondent.

"The consumer would have to pay it in the end. You cannot lay a tax upon a theory that it will be paid by nobody and that it will not affect the cost of the articles on which it is laid. The consumer would have to pay the increase, whether it was in smaller glasses or poorer beer or a reduction of the inducement to competition among producers.

"I repeat: If wealth already paid most of the Federal taxes, and in some emergency the question arose as how to increase the revenues by taxes on consumption, I might think a plumping levy on beer to be a good thing. But the trouble is the most our Federal taxes are now levied on consumption; such will be the case even when the tariff is reduced to a revenue basis; and, therefore, if we need additional taxes I believe in levying them on men's wealth rather than on men's wants."

HOW FLOUR IS MANUFACTURED.

The Various Processes Through Which Wheat Passes in the Mill.

The noises on the inside of the mill are deafening. One who has never been in a flouring mill of the largest size cannot realize what a peculiar lot of noises are made by the machinery. As soon as the wheat enters the machine from the long spout which brings it down from the upper floor it falls between two rollers of iron—"chilled" iron they call it, and very hard iron it is too. One of these rollers revolves rapidly, the other more slowly, in order that the separation of the coat, or bran, from the kernel may be more easily accomplished. The wheat first passes between rollers separated just enough to allow the coat to be crushed. It is then carried away to the top of the mill again, to a room where the sun vainly tries to shine in through the flour coated windows far above the city's roofs. It next passes over a wire sieve which separates the bran from the kernel proper.

This bran, which contains much of the flour material, again passes down and is ground once more, this process being repeated four times, making five grindings, each one finer than the one preceding it. Each time the fibrous or bran portions are more completely separated, and at last the bran comes out a clear, brownish husk with every particle of flour removed.

The inside part of the kernel has meanwhile been going through an interesting process. After the first grinding or breaking it passes to a big six sided revolving reel covered with a fine wire netting or sieve. Through this reel the finer portions of the kernels pass, coming out in what are called "middlings," a granulated mass which goes back to the rollers for another crushing. This process is repeated through five reels, all but the first being of silk. The last one has 120 threads to the lineal inch. The flour which comes out of the fifth reel, while white in hue, is yet not of the finest or "patent" grade, but is classed as "baker's" or second grade flour.

The middlings above referred to are purified by an interesting process. They are passed over a fine wire sieve, through the upper part of which a strong current of air is passed. This holds in suspense the tiny portions of fibrous matter which may have been in the flour, and at last, after this process of middlings purifying has been very carefully carried out, the flour appears a spotless, snowy white—the "patent" flour, as it is called. In the process of grinding in this gradual and repeated way, the germ of the wheat, a tiny particle about the size of a mustard seed, is separated from the white flour. It is what one might call the life part of the wheat. If it were ground up it would not leave the patent flour so white and powdery, so it is separated in one of the sievings and passes into the darker or lower grade flour. It contains, however, the best and most nutritious part of the wheat.

The last thing that happens to the pulverized kernel before it is ready for market is the filling of barrels or sacks. Down many stories through a smooth tube comes the white or "patent" flour. Under the tube is the barrel or the sack, as the case may be, and, as it begins to fill, a steel augur just the size of the barrel bores down into the flour, packing it carefully and solidly beneath the broad blades.—St. Nicholas.

Kier Hardie.

Kier Hardie, the labor unionist member of parliament, is no fool despite his sartorial eccentricities and his diatribes against constituted society. His enemies tried to deposit him in a cavity not long ago by procuring a firm of clothiers to offer him a suit of clothes free, calculating to expose the transaction to Mr. Hardie's confusion. That gentleman, however, knew his men, and in reply expressed his willingness to accept the clothes if the firm would agree to pay its employees the union rate of wages in the future. That closed the incident.—London Letter.

Too Much of a Row.

Sir William Fraser tells a good story of Brigham Young and "The Lady of Lyons." Young took his wives to see a performance of Lytton's play at Salt Lake City. When the agony was piled up, he rose, and, followed by his spouses, left the theater, exclaiming, "I won't stand such an infernal row being made about one woman!"—Argonaut.

A light supper, a good night's sleep and a fine morning have often made a hero of the same man who by indigestion, a restless night and a rainy morning would have proved a coward.—Chesterfield.

FREE COAL BENEFITS.

RESULTS THAT WOULD FOLLOW A REMOVAL OF THE TARIFF.

Our Exports Exceed Our Imports; Why, Then, Retain the Protective Duty Asked For by Mine Owners?—They Compete With the Coal of Other Countries.

We have recently noticed in several journals rumors and surmises to the effect that the ways and means committee would not place bituminous coal on the free list in its bill for a revision of the tariff. All doubt as to the intention of the committee with respect to this matter appears to be removed by the following statement made to the Washington correspondent of The Iron Age by a "prominent member of the majority of the committee on ways and means," and published in that journal on the 2d inst.:

"The two articles, coal and iron ore, will be placed on the free list. I do not see how we can do otherwise. One of the cardinal features of the tariff revision is free raw material, and those two items are prominent in that category. I believe it will be done by a strict party vote in committee."

There ought not to be any difference of opinion in the committee as to the removal of the duty of 75 cents a ton on bituminous coal.

The removal of the duty on bituminous coal would enable manufacturers in New England and New York to take advantage of the large deposits of such coal in the maritime provinces of Canada and would relieve manufacturers on the Pacific coast of the tax they now pay on coal imported from British Columbia. New York and the New England states must look beyond their boundaries for their supplies of coal, and for a majority of the industries of these states, especially those on or near the coast, the most available source of supply would be the maritime provinces of Canada if the duty of 75 cents a ton did not operate to prevent importations. The entire domestic product of bituminous coal is about 100,000,000 tons of 2,000 pounds, and the quantity imported is less than 1,400,000 tons. Nearly two-thirds of the domestic supply is produced in Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio and Illinois. The removal of the duty would bring Canadian coal into competition with domestic coal only in New England, part of New York and on the Pacific coast and would tend to give manufacturing industries in those places a part of the advantage enjoyed, so far as the cost of an important raw material is concerned, by industries of the same kind in districts where coal is mined near the factory furnaces.

We presume that it is not generally known that the quantity of bituminous coal exported from this country exceeds the quantity brought into it. Here are the figures for the fiscal year, 1892:

BITUMINOUS COAL, 1892.

	Imports.	Exports.
Tons	1,369,974	1,760,496
Value	$4,352,180	$5,229,408
Duties	982,480	......

So it appears that in 1892, while we imported 1,369,974 tons, on which the duty was paid for the "protection" of the domestic mine owners, these same mine owners exported 1,760,496 tons and sold the same in foreign countries in open competition with the "pauper" coal against which they say they ought to be defended here at home by the tax of 75 cents a ton.

Very little of the coal imported from Canada came from the maritime provinces adjoining the New England states. Of the entire quantity—689,388 tons—more than nine-tenths, or 616,388 tons, was imported from British Columbia into California and other states on the Pacific coast. The greater part of the quantity exported to Canada was shipped to Ontario, Quebec and Manitoba, where the mine owners on this side of the boundary can undersell even the Canadian coal, which, they say, should be shut out of the country by a tariff duty for their protection. Do they fear competition from Mexico? In 1892 they sold nearly 115,000 tons in that country in open competition with the Mexican coal in the country where it is produced. They met the foreign coal in the West Indies and sold nearly 500,000 tons there without the aid of a duty of 75 cents a ton on the competing product. It will be seen, moreover, that they sold considerable quantities in Germany, France, Great Britain, Belgium, Spain, the Netherlands, Italy, Denmark and Russia, where they were forced to compete with the native coals of those countries and could not enjoy the advantage derived from a duty of 75 cents a ton. They are selling their coal all over the world on even terms with all competitors, after paying the considerable cost of transportation, and yet they tell the ways and means committee that they cannot compete with foreign coal here at home unless the price of every ton of this foreign coal is increased to the consumer by a tax of 75 cents! They undersell the Canadian coal in Canada itself and still assert that they need to be protected here at home against sales of Canadian coal!

The manufacturers in New England and New York and on the Pacific coast should be permitted to buy their coal in the nearest market without the restraint of a duty, and the transfer of bituminous coal from the dutiable list to the free list should be one of the first acts of the ways and means committee when it shall begin to record its decisions in the schedules of a tariff bill.—New York Times.

The Antidote.

The defeated protectionists are blaming the present administration for the fruits of their own legislation, and the unthinking masses will believe them unless prosperity is invited by the wholesale removal of restrictions by the incoming congress.—St. Louis Courier.

A Nebraska Editor Draws the Line.

Volume I, No. 6 of The Moslem World is upon our table hammering for an exchange. It is published in New York by Colonel Mohammed Alexander Russell Webb, and has an advertising patronage that insures its financial success. Its purpose is "to spread the light of Islam in America." The light of Islam is what we want, but in spreading it don't put it on too thick. We cannot get to believing in Mohammed all of a sudden. It takes time to subdue and overcome the prejudices that were inculcated in earlier years. It isn't so hard to believe in the divine mission of the prophet or to observe the seasons of prayer or give alms when you have them about you, or to keep the fast of Ramadan, but when it comes to the pilgrimage to Mecca that do settle it. If it takes a trip to the orient as a condition for securing eternal life and the possession of a harem in Hallelujahland withdraw from us the "light of Islam" and we'll take the doctrines of the Christian Bible in "ourn."—Nebraska State Journal.

Liquefied Gases.

All the liquefied gases except oxygen and hydrogen have been frozen by self evaporation in a vacuum. By evaporating liquid air in a vessel surrounded by liquid oxygen, Professor Dewar succeeded in reducing the air to a clear, transparent solid. It has not been determined whether the oxygen of the mixture is really frozen or merely entangled among the particles of solid nitrogen in some such way as rose water in cold cream, or water in the solid gelatin of calves' foot jelly. Although pure oxygen has never been frozen, it is possible that when mixed with nitrogen its freezing point is raised so that the two solidify together.—Science.

Oak Wood.

The oak is a historic wood. As early as the eleventh century it became the favorite wood of civilized Europe, and specimens of carving and interior finish have come down to us from that early day, their pristine beauty enhanced by the subduing finger of time. The early colonists brought with them to the shores of America their love for this wood, and here, too, the oak acquired historical interests.

Police Women.

Governor Lewelling of Kansas has appointed a woman to the police force of Topeka. The usurpation of no masculine occupation—from that of drum major to chimney sweep—by women causes surprise now, but, all the same, when the world is a little older and wiser, it may cause surprise. Most reforms once started go with a rush that carries them beyond the point of common sense, and it is not until there have been successive reactions and advances that they quiet down, like an oscillating compass needle, to point in the right direction.

A policeman's duties are very promiscuous, and apt at times to be exceedingly disagreeable and to require brute strength and a cold heart. Since there are plenty of men to do this sort of work the world is not richer, but poorer, if women can do it too. Let the women go in for scholarship, for all that is highest and noblest and most refined in men, but let them not change their work at all rather than change to something less refined, less Christian, less womanly—in the new and broad sense of the term. Let them indeed direct the policemen if they can do so wisely, since policemen are necessary, but let men execute the orders.—Rochester Post-Express.

The Elizabethan Ruff.

The full ruff is again upon us, and superseding the feather boa is that one made of very rich grosgrain ribbon which ties quite closely about the throat and may be worn with any costume, as it is invariably black. In making such a ruff two strips of 4 inch wide ribbon are laid in double box plaits, the length to fit the throat. After they are plaited they may look a little stiff, but do not be induced to catch the plaits down, as after one or two wearings they will fall of their own accord. Long ends of ribbon are the finish, and the ends are tied in loops that almost reach the waist and ends that fall below it.

Above all things this ruche or ruff must fit the neck closely, the effect given in wearing it being just like that in those old pictures of ladies of the time of Queen Elizabeth—these ladies who would have given any money to have learned how to keep their ruffs stiff. Lace ruffs are liked for evening wear and are developed not only in the black and white, but in the coffee colored laces. These, however, are only for evening wear and full dress occasions.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Old Laws About Women.

Renewed activity on the part of the "women's rights" folks recalls what are described as "two very remarkable enactments illustrative of the helplessness of men"—one English, the other a colonial act for New Jersey people. The English one reads as follows, "Any person who shall by means of rouge, or of blanc, of perfumes, of essences, of artificial teeth, of false hair, of cotton espagnol, of steel stays or hoops, of high heeled shoes or of false lips, entice any of his majesty's male subjects into marriage shall be prosecuted for sorcery, and the marriage shall be declared void"—this was only in 1770.

The New Jersey colonial act, which was earlier than this, differs but little from the English enactment. It provides "that all women of whatever age, profession or rank, maid or widow, who shall impose upon or betray into matrimony any of his majesty's subjects by virtue of scents, cosmetics, washes, paint, artificial teeth, false hair or high heeled shoes shall incur the penalty now in force against witchcraft."—Newcastle-on-Tyne Chronicle.

"Moon, Ahoy!"

Regarding the seamanship of one of the members of the Massachusetts naval reserve: The incident occurred during the trip on the cruiser San Francisco, and voluminous as was the commendatory report of their doings which was sent to the navy department it did not include this incident.

On the second night that the reserves were at sea one of the amateur tars was on the watch. He was a Boston man. The night was clear and beautiful. Myriads of stars twinkled in the heavens, but there was no moon. Suddenly the reserve sang out:

"Light ahoy!"

"Where away?" asked the officer of the deck.

"Far, far away," replied the would be man-o'-war's man.

When the officer had recovered from the shock occasioned by this unseamanlike answer, he looked over the rail in the direction pointed out by the man from Boston. Then he had another fit. The stern discipline which prevails on a cruiser at sea did not allow him to swear, but there was a word of meaning in the way in which he growled out: "What's the matter with you? Can't you recognize the rising moon when you see it?"

"Moon! Moon!" stammered the embryo sea dog. "I beg your pardon, sir." Then he shouted, as if making amends for his error, "Moon, ahoy!"—Boston Home Journal.

BY WORDS AND DEEDS

JOAQUIN MILLER WRITES OF A REMARKABLE EVANGELIST.

The Bishop of Africa and His Fifty-one Years' Work—A Napoleon of Missionaries—Sketch of a Remarkable Man—The Secret of His Wonderful Success.

[Special Correspondence.]

OAKLAND, Cal., Nov. 8.—Great as was Napoleon—great in all things except his inglorious wars—the venerable Methodist bishop of Africa is a greater man in all things. The work he has done during his 51 years of service as an evangelist is simply incredible. Sitting at his table yesterday, I said, "You have traveled much farther than any man perhaps, living or dead!"



BEGINNING WITH THE CHILDREN.

"I never thought of that before," he answered as if to himself, "but it may be true." Then in a quiet, serious way he told me of his many journeys around the world, one of which involved 13 years' absence from his family here in Alameda, Cal. He came to us here in 1849, preaching from one end of the state to the other, often in the streets, always among the poor or depraved, always alone and on foot, always poor and without pay, remaining only long enough in one place to found a mission or church and then passing on to a place among strangers. He was always known among us as "Father Taylor," and though he has long been Bishop Taylor, still we old boys of the old days speak of him reverently, and often with uncovered heads, as Father Taylor.

Here is a paragraph given me by one of his sons which may throw some light on the early life of this most beloved of all living men:

"William Taylor was born May 2, 1821, in Rockbridge county, Va. He was first a junior preacher to Franklin circuit in the Baltimore conference. He was reported to the preacher in charge as follows: 'He is tall and slender, active and strong, wears a blue coat, with brass buttons. His legs extend three or four inches lower than his pants, and he wears the broadest toed boots that have ever been seen in these parts. He has but little experience in preaching, but he is desperately in earnest and has the stuff in him to make a preacher, and he can sing just as loud as he likes.' In October, 1849, he was sent with his family as a missionary to California, arriving in San Francisco, the city of tents, in September, 1849, after a five months' voyage 'round the Horn.'

"He has been 51 years in service. Says he 'was put up to keep in all climates'—counts on 15 years longer to labor in Africa. He was 73 years old last May 1. In Africa he walks everywhere, sleeping under the stars."

This remarkable man has been called the Napoleon of missions because of his great good sense, his discipline and capacity to bring order out of chaos and found mission churches, that pay their own way, even where the most patient and sincere Catholic priests have failed. For example he has a self sustaining seminary in one of the South American capitals—nearly 500 girls, all eager to learn, in his Methodist seminary! And all around the globe he has done and is still doing something of this sort. He has lifted up the name and vocation of the missionary from out of the rut and slough into which it was sinking and made it respected even in the heart of Africa. "Danger? There is no more danger in even the heart of Africa than here in Alameda. I never was armed in my life, nor had an escort of armed men. Stanley was wrong in this. Surely Stanley could have gone in peace and unharmed where Livingstone had gone before him."

And then the good bishop went on to tell me about his recent visits to a remote African city. He had two young men with him. The last day it rained incessantly, and they reached the city wet to the skin. They were sent at once to the house for strangers, an institution familiar to all these remote heathen centers. The queen, head wife of the king, received them at the door. She did not know them or their business; she only knew they were strangers and homeless and hungry. She built a great wood fire with her own hands, and while they dried their clothes and took heart at such kindly welcome she cooked a sumptuous dinner of chickens, cornbread, baked yams and fried bananas. This she spread on a mat before the fire and then sat back in silence while they ate, and it was only after they had eaten and rested their fill that a single question was asked.

"Well, well, bishop," said I in surprise, "what need can such people have for Christianity?"

Very steadily the venerable evangelist looked at me for a long time, and then he said solemnly, "They need the salvation of our Lord Jesus Christ." It is this earnestness of Bishop Taylor that has made him so beloved and such a power over the wide world. The portrait here shows his theory and his proclivity. He begins with the children—babes in arms. May he still have many years.

JOAQUIN MILLER.

Some Details About Suicide.

From an analysis of 100 cases of suicide a contemporary concludes that, according to the evidence obtained, men destroy themselves with much greater readiness than women. The proportion is about two to one. Middle age is the period at which the tendency is most marked, and the middle class holds the same position in the social scale. Mental influence is more active than any physical inducement, and pecuniary and related social difficulties fill a larger space than any other group of motives.

Wanton Slaughter of Big Game.

The result of the failure of the last Wyoming legislature to make an appropriation to pay a game warden has been the wanton slaughter of elk and antelope all over the state

BUSINESS AND LITERATURE.

Professional Writers Now Insist Upon Their Rights.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—William D. Howells, in a recent magazine article which has attracted much attention, calls to notice the relations of writers to the business world and indicates to them some of the ways in which they may be able to secure a better market for their work, although expressing the idea that real literary art, like any other art, ought not to be measured or inspired by any pecuniary rewards. The intimation in the article is that the writers of the present day have become so much of professional men that they have learned business methods and are carrying on their vocations with very much better results than was the case in the earlier days of American literature.

Yet the most famous of the earlier American authors were quite shrewd business men. Fenimore Cooper, who was wealthy when he first took up the pen of the novelist, was a very sharp business man, dealing with almost Shylock precision with his publishers, and going so far as to sue a number of newspapers for libel because they had criticised his novels and therefore impaired their market value, as he thought. Washington Irving, who came from a race of business men, was, notwithstanding his gentle habit, very keen in the driving of a bargain with his publishers, and he received such a handsome sum for his "Life of Washington" as enabled him to live in comfort in his old age.

James K. Paulding had the repute of being a sharp business man and of showing quite as much executive capacity in arranging for the publication of his stories as he did when he was a member of President Polk's cabinet. James Russell Lowell's business habits were not of the haphazard kind. George William Curtis, who earned nearly $100,000 upon the lecture platform, devoted every penny of it to the payment of debts for which he was not legally responsible, but which had been incurred in an attempt to establish a magazine with which he was associated.

Wendell Phillips was a most cautious and prudent man in his business relations, although he gave much of his money to charitable purposes. When they asked him the price of a lecture, he said: "If I lecture in behalf of the slave, nothing. If I lecture upon any other subject, $100 and expenses." Dr. Chapin, who in his day was one of the most popular of American platform lecturers, had one invariable reply to any request for his terms. It was F. A. M. E., meaning by that "$50 and my expenses," and after he received his fees he invested them with great prudence.

But these were the greater writers of an earlier day, some of whom learned to be businesslike after some unpleasant experiences. The class of professional writers who are nowadays earning comfortable incomes have already learned what Mr. Howells suggested in his essay, and that is that the newspaper and syndicate have especially taught writers first class business methods and shown them how to protect their own interests. Of the popular writers of today it is not easy to find one who is not esteemed by publishers an accurate and prompt business man, and many of them have shown great skill in making business investments.

Mark Twain's business habits are almost proverbial, and with the exception of one or two unfortunate investments, in which even abler business men than he were caught, he has shown unusual capacity not only for getting all that his works were worth, but also in the investment of the wealth thus received. Mrs. Burnett was trained by experience to excellent business habits so far as her relations with her publishers were concerned, but it is said by her friends that some of the investments made with the money which she received for the book and play of "Little Lord Fauntleroy" were not very successful.

General Lew Wallace, who has written a book which has probably had a larger sale than any other story written by an American, excepting "Uncle Tom's Cabin," is one of the most careful, shrewd and prompt of business men, and his manner in business circles is that of a person whose entire experience has been in business life. Mr. Howells himself is earning a repute for business shrewdness and insistence upon his rights which is almost equal to that which Mark Twain has obtained.

Rudyard Kipling is quite as forcible, energetic and nervous in his business relations as he is in his stories, and the publisher who gets his tales is very sure that he is paid the highest price that the market has offered for them. Donald G. Mitchell, who nowadays does not write much, was taught a business lesson years ago by a publisher to whom he offered the manuscript of his "Dream Life." The publisher told him that he would pay him a lump sum for the manuscript, but advised him to accept instead a royalty—advice which Mr. Mitchell accepted, and which made many thousands of dollars difference in his favor. He was supposed not to be a good business man because he invested a considerable sum of money in real estate in the suburbs of New Haven, but time has proved that he was right, although perhaps a little too early in the investment, for after a delay of some years the city of New Haven has grown up to his place, and the value of the real estate has very greatly increased.

Edmund Clarence Stedman is more of a business man than a litterateur, and in the hours between 10 and 3 may be seen in that excited throng of brokers and speculators who crowd the New York Stock Exchange. Hopkinson Smith is not only a charming story teller and an artist of some talent, but as a contractor he is regarded very highly by business men, many of whom do not know that he is also a litterateur.

The truth is that the majority of writers at the present time who are successful are careful business men, and the old stigma that a man who wrote was good for nothing else has no longer any truth in it.

E. J. EDWARDS.

A Curious Phenomenon.

A correspondent at Christiania gives an account of a very curious phenomenon witnessed from the top of Gausta mountain (height 6,000 Norwegian feet), in Telemarken, south of Norway. He says that early in the evening, after a heavy fog, a double rainbow, forming a complete circle, seemingly about 30 feet distant, was observed in the heavens. Continuing farther, he adds: "In the middle of this circle we all appeared as black, erect and nearly life size silhouettes. The outlines of the silhouettes were so sharp that we could easily recognize the figures of each other and every movement was reproduced."

Shark Hunting Police.

Among the multifarious duties which demand the attention of the Calcutta police, the capture of sharks in the Hooghly finds a place. During the past 20 years rewards have been paid for the destruction of these marine maneaters, and recently the Bengal government laid down a scale for these payments.

Against Miss Davidson.

Miss Davidson, an enterprising young woman of Memphis, was elected notary public by the Shelby county court and entered upon the duties of her office. She was capable and was given so much business that some other notaries became jealous of her success. They brought suit against the fair young notary, claiming that a woman was not eligible to the office. The case was first tried before Judge L. H. Estes of Memphis. He decided promptly in favor of the defendant. The plaintiffs then appealed to the supreme court, who have just handed down their opinion. Their decision is against Miss Davidson. They say it is unconstitutional for a woman to hold this office in Tennessee.—Memphis Correspondent.

Corduroy Portieres.

Corduroy promises to be a great favorite, both for hangings and for the coverings of divans and chairs. In some of its newest forms it is strikingly handsome, showing figures of a lighter tone upon a ground of the same color, and in even the familiar plain it is both good and desirable. For portieres it is especially to be commended, as it takes rich, deep folds and gives just that sense of warmth and freedom from draft that is to be desired.

IT HITS THE MASSES.

Some Strong Remarks by a Well-Known Man.

Evidently He Knows Well What He is Talking About.

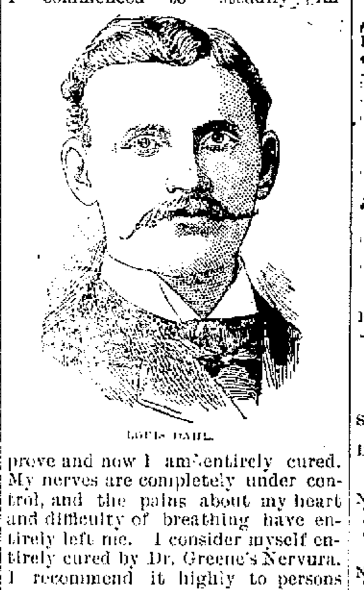
And We Only Trust That His Advice Will Be Followed.

The majority of people who are ailing do not call themselves exactly sick. They are run down in vitality of blood or their nerves have become weak or their stomach, bowels, liver or kidneys are out of order. They complain of being weak, nervous, tired, out of sorts; they do not sleep or eat well and wake mornings with dull head and languid feelings.

Such persons are not in reality sick, but they are in a fair way to become so if they neglect themselves. These feelings and symptoms show that the system is out of order and common sense should indicate that something must be done to prevent these conditions running into absolute disease.

A young man of our acquaintance, Mr. Louis Dahl, of Andover, Mass., speaks strongly upon this subject and speaks also out of his own experience.

"I had been troubled greatly," he said, "with pains through the chest and heart, causing constant distress and difficulty in breathing. After taking Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy for a short time, I commenced to steadily improve and now I am entirely cured.



LOUIS DAHL.

My nerves are completely under control, and the pains about my heart and difficulty of breathing have entirely left me. I consider myself entirely cured by Dr. Greene's Nervura. I recommend it highly to persons suffering from similar complaints."

We can heartily endorse what Mr. Dahl says. If you are troubled in any way, use at once Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It is purely vegetable and harmless and it will put you in good health, give you sound sleep and make you strong and vigorous again.

Physicians prescribe and recommend it in all such cases. It is the discovery of a famous physician, Dr. Greene, of 35 West 14th Street, New York, who is undoubtedly the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted in all cases without charge, personally or by letter.

An Unanswerable Argument.

"Now, for instance," said Watts, who had been airing his views on evolution, "if the conditions were such that horses were compelled to climb for their food, it would be but a matter of time until a race of horses with claws would be developed."

"What nonsense!" replied Potts. "Haven't cats been trying to learn to sing for the last 4,000 years?"

In order to prevent "rear end" collisions a western railroad has issued an order that every passenger train must have a flagman on the rear platform constantly, and this flagman must not leave his post to eat or sleep until he is relieved by some one capable of standing watch.

The discharge of a river is the volume of water it pours into the sea within a given time, usually expressed as so many feet per second. It is estimated by finding the breadth, the average depth and the average rate of a river at its mouth and multiplying.

No one can be called educated who has not self knowledge. It underlies all true wisdom and saves one from calling that virtue in himself which he calls vice in another.

The first newspaper published in Holland appeared on the morning of Jan. 8, 1656. It was called De Weeckelycke Courante Van Europa. It is now the Haarlem Courant.

Those—
—Pimples

Are tell-tale symptoms that your blood is not right—full of impurities, causing a sluggish and unsightly complexion. A few bottles of S. S. S. will remove all foreign and impure matter, cleanse the blood thoroughly, and give a clear and rosy complexion. It is most effectual, and entirely harmless.

Chas Heaton, 73 Laurel Street, Phila., says: "I have had for years a humor in my blood which made me dread to shave, as small boils or pimples would be cut, thus causing shaving to be a great annoyance. After taking three bottles my face is all clear and smooth as it should be—appetite splendid, sleep well and feel like running a foot race all for the use of S. S. S.

Treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free.
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment.

A certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema, Itch, Prairie Scratches, Sore Nipples and Piles. It is cooling and soothing. Hundreds of cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. 25 cents per box.

Sold by Melville, the druggist, next to post office.

Pittsb'gh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Div.
Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward.	25	9	3	1	31
	PM	AM	PM	PM	AM
Pittsb'gh . lv	*3 15	*7 15	*12 30	†11 10	†4 30
Alliance... ar	10 55	10 05	3 45	†2 40	7 45
Canton lv	11 30	10 47	4 51	3 20	8 25
Massillon ... "	.....	11 02	5 10	3 40	8 43
Wooster....... "	.....	11 51	6 15	4 35	9 45
Mansfield ... "	1 46	1 10	8 00	6 15	11 25
Crestline ar	2 15	1 35	8 30	6 40	11 55
Crestline lv	2 30	1 40	8 40	7 00	2 15
Robinson ... "	.....	.....		7 12	2 27
Bucyrus ...... "	.....	2 00	9 02	7 28	2 40
Nevada .... "	.....	.....	9 18	7 45	2 56
U.Sandusky "	.....	.....	9 38	8 00	3 13
Kirby .... "	.....	.....		8 20	3 27
Forest......... "	.....	.....	10 08	8 27	3 38
Dunkirk....... "	.....	.....	10 14	8 4[illegible]	4 00
Washingt'n "	.....	.....		8 53	4 05
Ada .... "	.....	.....	10 44	9 14	4 18
Lafayette ... "	.....	.....		9 28	4 30
Lima........... "	4 07	3 30	11 16	9 43	4 45
Elida.......... "	.....	.....		10 00	5 03
Delphos....... "	.....	.....	11 46	10 15	5 18
Middlepoint "	.....	.....		10 28	5 30
Van Wert.... "	.....	4 11	12 12	10 42	5 45
Convoy .... "	.....	.....	.....	10 58	6 02
Dixon .... "	.....	.....	.....	11 08	6 11
Monroeville "	.....	.....	.....	11 16	6 18
Maples ...... "	.....	.....	.....	11 26	6 27
Adams........ "	.....	.....	.....	11 34	6 34
Ft. Wayne ar	5 40	5 03	1 15	11 45	6 45
Warsaw....... "	.....	6 11	2 36	1 24	PM
Plymouth... "	7 23	6 49	3 29	2 15	
Valparaiso.. "	.....	8 00	4 45	3 33	
Chicago ... ar	10 00	9 30	6 25	5 20	
	AM	PM	AM	PM	

Cars on 1, 2, and 25. Nos. 4, 6, 8, 30 and 32 [illegible] Union Station, Pittsburgh, with through trains for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York. [illegible]

Eastward.	20	22	8	4	6	
	AM	AM	PM	PM	PM	
Chicago... lv	†7 15	*10 45	*3 15	*11 30	*11 30	
Valparaiso "	8 55		4 45	1 15	1 15	
Plymouth... "	10 19	1 05	5 50	2 38	2 38	
Warsaw ... "	11 08		6 31	3 34	3 34	AM
Ft. Wayne "	12 40	2 45	7 55	5 20	5 20	†7 0[illegible]
Adams....... "	12 51	....	....	..	....	7 1[illegible]
Maples ...... "	12 58	..	...		....	7 2[illegible]
Monroeville "	1 09	....	....		....	7 3[illegible]
Dixon .... "	1 17	....	....			7 4[illegible]
Convoy .... "	1 28	....	....	6 12	6 12	7 5[illegible]
Van Wert... "	1 43	.	8 50	6 29	6 29	8 1[illegible]
Middlepoint "	1 58	.....	...	6 43	6 43	8 3[illegible]
Delphos ...... "	2 09	...	9 12	6 59	6 59	8 4[illegible]
Elida .... "	2 24				....	9 03
Lima .... "	2 40	4 20	9 39	7 30	7 30	9 15
Lafayette ... "	2 55	...				9 [illegible]
Ada .... "	3 09	..	...	7 56	7 56	10 0[illegible]
Washingt'n "	3 20	..	.	....	..	10 [illegible]
Dunkirk ...... "	3 23	..		8 15	8 15	10 2[illegible]
Forest .... "	3 43	..	10 27	8 27	8 27	10 4[illegible]
Kirby .... "	3 55	....				10 5[illegible]
U.Sandusky "	4 12	.	10 47	8 49	8 49	11 1[illegible]
Nevada .... "	4 31	...		9 10	9 10	11 [illegible]
Bucyrus....... "	4 54	....	11 19	9 30	9 30	11 [illegible]
Robinson..... "	5 12					12 [illegible]
Crestline ar	5 30	6 10	11 50	10 00	10 00	12 2[illegible]
Crestline lv	5 45	6 15	11 55	10 15	10 30	†4 [illegible]
Mansfield ... "	6 10	6 40	12 25	10 40	11 00	5 1[illegible]
Wooster ...... "	7 57	....	2 05	11 53	12 35	6 [illegible]
Massillon ... "	8 47		3 00	12 38	1 45	7 [illegible]
Canton .... "	9 08	8 47	3 16	12 55	2 03	8 0[illegible]
Alliance.... ar	9 45	9 20	3 55	1 25	2 45	8 4[illegible]
Pittsb'gh .. ar	1 15	12 05	6 40	4 50	5 45	12 30
	AM	AM	PM	PM	PM	[illegible]

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Except Saturday. §Meals. fFlag Stop.

JOSEPH WOOD, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent. PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

BRUCE H. OYLER Ticket Agt., Lima Ohio.

L. E. & W.

SOLID TRAINS BETWEEN

Sandusky and Peoria, and Indianapolis and Michigan City.

Direct communications to and from all points of the United States and Canada.

EAST BOUND FROM LIMA.

No. 6† Sandusky acc., leaves .... 7:20 a. m
" 4† Fast mail, " .... 2:00 p. m
" 2* " express " .... 7:40 p. m
" 110* Local freight " .... 5:50 a. m

WEST BOUND FROM LIMA.

No. 1* Fast mail, leaves .... 9:45 a. m
" 3* " express " .... 1:15 a. m
" 5† Sandusky acc., arrives........ 4:45 p. m
" 128† Minster acc., leaves .... 5:00 p. m

†Daily except Sunday. *Daily.

No. 1 arrives at Bloomington at 9:25 p. m., making direct connection with C. & A. fast train, arriving at Kansas City at 8:30 next morning.

No. 3 makes direct connections for all points via C., B. & Q. R. R.; only one daylight change to Kansas City, Omaha, Lincoln, Neb., or Denver.

No. 2, connections, Lima, Fostoria, Fremont and Sandusky, and No. 4, at Lima and Fostoria, with through trains to all east bound points.

Free Reclining Chair Cars on Nos. 1 and 2 for all passengers.

Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 make connections at Tipton with the I. & M. C. division for all points North and South.

For tickets, rates, and general information call on J. C. BURCH, Ticket Agent L. E. & W. Ry.

Or address,
H. C. PARKER, Traffic Manager.
C. F. DALY, Gen. Pass. Agt. Indianapolis, Ind.

CINCINNATI HAMILTON & DAYTON R.R.
CH&D
CINCINNATI
INDIANAPOLIS CHICAGO DAYTON TOLEDO DETROIT

C., H. & D.

NORTH BOUND.

	ARRIVE.	LEAVE.
No. 28	3:15 a. m.	3:20 a. m
" 2	8:55 a. m.	9:00 a. m
" 6	1:20 p. m.	1:40 p. m
" 16	6:00 p. m.	6:20 p. m
" 10	9:15 p. m.	
" 60, Sunday only	7:35 a. m.	7:40 a. m
" 62, Sunday only	10:15 p. m.	
" 14		6:10 a. m

SOUTH BOUND.

	ARRIVE.	LEAVE.
No. 11		5:45 a. m
" 1	9:25 a. m.	9:30 a. m
" 5	12:30 a. m.	12:50 p. m
" 9	5:55 p. m.	6:15 p. m
" 7	2:05 a. m.	2:10 a. m
" 61, Sunday only		7:40 a. m

Train No. 113 leaves Toledo at 6:00 p. m.; arrives at Findlay at 8:25 p. m.

Train No. 116 leaves Findlay at 6:50 p. m.; arrives at Toledo at 9:00 p. m.

The C., H. & D. will sell tickets on Sundays to all stations at one fare for round trip.

Corrected time table effective September, 1893.

H. I. McGUIRE, Ticket Agent.

ERIE LINES.

Chicago & Erie Railroad.

Time card in effect Nov. 12, '93. From Lima, O

TRAINS WEST. Depart

No. 5 Vestibule Limited, daily, for Chicago .... 1:32 p. m
" 3 Pacific Express, daily, for Chicago .... 11:47 p. m
" 1 Express, daily, except Sunday for Chicago........ 10:40 a. m
" 31 local daily, except Sunday 7:00 a m

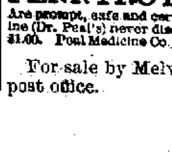
TRAINS EAST.

No. 8, Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston ...... 8:47 p. m
" 2, Express daily, except Sunday 3:40 p. m
" 12, Express daily, for New York 2:50 a. m
" 32, local daily, except Sunday.....7:00 a. m

Trains No. 1 and 2 stop at all stations on C. & E. division.

Second No. 12 leaves Lima at 2:50 a. m. Daily solid train for Columbus, Ohio, via Marion and the Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo railway (Buckeye Route) Pullman sleepers to Columbus, Kenova, Norfolk and other Virginia points, via Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo and the Norfolk & Western Lines.

FRANK C. McCOY, Agent.
W. G. MACEDWARD, Trav. Pass. Agt., Huntington, Ind.



Every Woman

Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine.

Dr. PEAL'S PENNYROYAL PILLS,

Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, $1.00. Peal Medicine Co., Cleveland, O.

For sale by Melville Bros., next to post office.



Th[illegible]

On pai Sho ter ers wit Sho

F

J.

The First Nat[illegible]

LIMA, OH[illegible]

Capital $100,000. Surplus [illegible]

In addition to its commercial business, [illegible] INGS DEPARTMENT, where deposits of [illegible] ceived and interest paid. Small accounts so[illegible]

S. A. BAXTER, President. | C. M. H[illegible]
C. S. BRICE, Vice President. | F. C. C[illegible]

ARE YOU "OUT OF SORTS," T[illegible]

BROMO-S[illegible]

WILL PROMPTLY REFRESH AN[illegible]



Sex-ine[illegible]

Before and After Using.

New discovery. Will [illegible] SARAN EE to cure Nervous [illegible] Involuntary Emissions from any [illegible] consumption or insanity. [illegible] order we give a written guara[illegible] PEAL MEDICINE CO., Clevel[illegible]

For Sale by Melville Bros., next door to [illegible]

ROBERT MEHAFFEY, PREST. THOM[illegible]
W. H. DUFFIELD, [illegible]

The Metropoli[illegible]

LIMA, OHI[illegible]

No. 330 North Main Street, M[illegible]

Transacts a General Ba[illegible]

Special attention given to the business of depositors. [illegible] your earnings in th[illegible]

SAVINGS DEPOSIT D[illegible]

Of this Bank, and ha[illegible]

INTEREST PAID ON Y[illegible]

Deposits will be received of sums of 25 cents and ov[illegible] computed on these deposits, under rules adopted by th[illegible]

CHEAP FUEL

WOOD!

Makes the nicest heat in the World.

You can now get a load of elegant

ASH WOOD!

Cheap at The Handle Factory by telephoning to No. 91, or orders may be left at this Office.

Better put in a couple of loads, for this fair weather will not last long.

FAUROT : OPERA : HOUSE.

FRIDAY EVE., NOV. 17.

A MAGNIFICENT MELODRAMA

REPLETE WITH

THRILLING SITUATIONS!
STARTLING INCIDENTS!!
HEROIC DENOUEMENTS!!!

HARRY WILLIAMS'
Superb Spectacular Success!

KATIE EMMETT'S

THE WAIFS
... OF ...
NEW YORK!

REALISTICALLY ILLUSTRATING

Phases of Life Among the Lowly in the Great Metropolis.

A Story of Contemporaneous Human Interest.

Popular Prices. Reserved Seats on Sale at Melville's Drug Store.

LOC[illegible]

TRAIN NO. [illegible]

To cu[illegible] mouth [illegible] worth [illegible] water. [illegible] sugar. [illegible] swab d[illegible] hour an[illegible]

The [illegible] ease ar[illegible] faint a[illegible] swollen [illegible] New H[illegible] edy. [illegible] with [illegible] ville's [illegible] Miles [illegible]

for the [illegible] sale at [illegible]

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®



This Shoe is the best

SCHOOL SHOE!

On earth; will outwear two pairs of ordinary School Shoes. Fits better, looks better and keeps its shape. Mothers, have you had trouble with your children's School Shoes? Try a pair of

LITTLE GIANTS.

For sale at

J. M. WAUGH'S

31 Public Square.

The First National Bank,

LIMA, OHIO.

Capital $100,000. Surplus and Profits $40,000

In addition to its commercial business, this bank has opened a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, where deposits of $1.00 and upwards will be received and interest paid. Small accounts solicited.

S. A. BAXTER, President.
C. S. BRICE, Vice President.
C. M. HUGHES, Jr., Cashier.
F. C. CUNNINGHAM, Ass't Cashier.

ARE YOU "OUT OF SORTS," TIRED AND NERVOUS?

BROMO-SELTZER

WILL PROMPTLY REFRESH AND INVIGORATE YOU.



Sex-ine Pills RESTORE LOST VIGOR

Before and After Using.

New discovery. Will brace you up in a week. Sold with WRITTEN GUARANTEE to Cure Nervous Debility, Loss of Sexual Power in either sex, Involuntary Emissions from any cause. If neglected such troubles lead to consumption or insanity, $1.00 per box by mail, 6 boxes for $5. With every $5. order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For Sale by Melville Bros., next door to post office.

ROBERT MEHAFFEY, PREST. THOMAS DUFFIELD, VICE PREST.
W. H. DUFFIELD, CASHIER.

The Metropolitan Bank,

LIMA, OHIO,

No. 330 North Main Street, Metropolitan Block.

Transacts a General Banking Business

Special attention given to the business of depositors. Collections promptly made. Deposit your earnings in the

SAVINGS DEPOSIT DEPARTMENT

Of this Bank, and have

INTEREST PAID ON YOUR MONEY.

Deposits will be received of sums of 25 cents and over. Semi-annually interests will be computed on these deposits, under rules adopted by the bank, and be paid to the depositor.

CHEAP FUEL

WOOD!

Makes the nicest heat in the World.

You can now get a load of elegant

ASH WOOD!

Cheap at The Handle Factory by telephoning to No. 91, or orders may be left at this Office.

Better put in a couple of loads, for this fair weather will not last long.

FAUROT : OPERA : HOUSE.

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HARRY WILLIAMS'
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Popular Prices. Reserved Seats on Sale at Melville's Drug Store.

LOCAL TIME CARDS.

Standard Time.

C, H. & D
NORTH BOUND

TRAIN NO.	ARRIVE	LEAVE
14		6:10 a m
28	9:41 a m.	3:15 a m
2	6.55 a. m	9:00 a m
6	1 15 p m	1:40 p m
16	6 00 p. m	6:20 p m
10 Stop at Lima	9 10 p. m.	
60 Sunday only	7 35 a. m	7:40 a m

SOUTH BOUND

TRAIN NO.	ARRIVE	LEAVE
11		5:45 a m
1	9 20 a. m	9:30 a. m
3	12:25 a. m	12:50 p. m
9	5.55 p. m	6 15 p m
5	2:00 a. m	2 10 a. m
61 Sunday only		7 40 a. m
13 Stop at Lima	8:40 p m.	

No. 9 will carry the Chicago Sleeper
No. 11 will make connections for Chicago, St Louis and points west and south
No 14 will reach Toledo in time for all boats, and make connections for Cleveland, Buffalo, Detroit, and points east.

L E. & W
WEST BOUND

1 Mail†	9:25 a m.	9:40 a m
3 Express†	1:00 a m	1:15 a m
5 Accommodation	4 45 p. m	
129 Minster accom'd'n		5:00 p m

Except Sunday †Daily.

EAST BOUND.

6 Accommodation	7 20 a. m.	
4 Mail	1:40 p. m	2 00 p. m
2 Express†	7:30 p. m	7 45 p. m
128 Minster accom	3:10 p m.	

P, Ft. W & C.
EAST BOUND.

4	7:30 a. m
36	9:30 a. m
8	9:30 p m
12	4:20 p m
20	2:10 p m
Local freight	6:00 a m

WEST BOUND.

1	9:43 a m
25	1:07 a. m
9	3:30 p m
35	4:15 p. m
3	11:10 p. m
Local freight	7:25 a. m

C. & E.
WEST BOUND

5 Vestibule Limited, daily for Chicago and the West	1 35 p m
3 Pacific Express, daily for Chicago and the West	11:47 p. m
1 Express, daily except Sunday for Chicago and the West	9:56 a. m
21	7:00 a m

EAST BOUND.

8 Vestibule Limited	8:50 p m
12 Express	2:50 a m
2 Accommodation	4:40 p m
22	7:00 a m

Well to Know.

To cure white canker sores in the mouth get at a druggist's five cents' worth of gold thred and seep in warm water. Sweeten with honey or loaf sugar. Wet the canker spots with a swab dipped in the tea every half hour and give a little of the tea.

The first symptoms of heart disease are short breath, fluttering, faint and hungry spells, pain in side, swollen ankles, for which Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure is a marvelous remedy. Fine book on Heart Disease, with marvelous cures, free at Melville's Drug Store, or address Dr Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind. 6

Reserved Seats

for the Harvard Quartette now on sale at Melville's for 35 cents. 26-2t

DELPHOS.

Notes and Personal Mention From Our Neighboring City.

DELPHOS, O., Nov. 18.—(Special Cor.)—Send your personals, news items, etc., for the Delphos department of THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT to lock box 186, Delphos.

Don't miss the opera house orchestra's dance, next Tuesday evening.

Leander Wulfhorst is very sick with malarial fever.

The C., H. & D. pay car came in yesterday and made the boys happy.

Mrs. Frank Roebuck went to Lima yesterday to make a short visit.

The Junior League's fair will be held on the 22d and 23d instead 21st and 22d, as previously announced.

Mrs. B. Emery, who has been visiting Geo. Almy and family for several weeks, returned to her home at Bellefontaine, yesterday.

The Red Men adopted Geo. W. Page and Chas. Foster into their tribe last Thursday evening. With them Jas. M. Bryan and Peter E. Swick were given the Hunters' Degree. There was a large attendance and great interest manifested. The order is in a flourishing condition and is rapidly pulling up a large membership.

Presbyterian church—Rev W. H. Day, pastor, will preach at 10:30 a. m. to-morrow, subject, "Requiring the Impossible." Ex. 5:16. At 7:30 p. m., "The Second Commandment." Ex. 20-4, 5. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Subject, "Gentleness—a fruit of the Spirit." Eph, 4, 30-32. Col. 3:13-15.

Mehodist Episcopal—M. D. Scott, pastor. Sabbath morning 10 a. m., "The Greatest Need of the Church," acts 2:1-4. 7:30 p. m., "The Merchandise of the Soul;" Mark 8:36-37.

The Lima District conference will be held at the M. E church, Delphos Monday, Tuesday and Wenesday of next week. An excellent program has been prepared and the people of Delphos are cordially invited to attend. On Tuesday the Epworth League of the district will have a rally meeting and to which all young people are especially invited.

J. C. Lewis played here last night in Si Plunkard to a good house. The play is a good one and by a good company. Si Plunkard is the typical down east Yankee, shrewd, with an eye out for a trade and full of humor. The musical selections by the country band were one of the features of the evenings entertainment, especially the "A day with a circus." Should Si come here again he will be sure of a warm welcome.

SABBATH SERVICES.

UNITED BRETHREN CHURCH.

Sunday school 9 a. m., preaching 10 a. m., class meeting at 2 30 p. m. No services in the evening on account of the union meetings at Trinity Rev J. W. Hicks, of Fostoria, will lecture in the church on Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Subject, "Give that Girl a Chance.' All cordially invited to all these services. No charge for lecture.

ISA IMLER, Pastor.

MAIN STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Sabbath School at 9 a m. Preaching at 10; subject, "The Old Ways Better Than the New" Third St Mission School at 2 p m Youths and young men from this school are urged to attend the meeting in the Opera House at 2:30. All are urged to attend the union meeting. No evening service.

W. G. SMITH, Pastor.

MARKET ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

The pastor, Rev. R. J. Thomson, will preach at 10 a. m.; subject. "Following and Questioning" Sunday School at 11:30 a. m No Y. P. S. C. E. this Sunday. Revival service at 7. The usual church prayer-meeting will be held Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Let all come and worship.

ENGLISH REFORMED CHURCH.

Sunday School at 9 a. m. At 10 a. m. the pastor will preach on "Christian Liberty." No evening service All are welcome.

WILSON S. FRITCH, Pastor.

CHRIST CHURCH,

North and West street. There will be divine services to-morrow at 10 a m. and 7 p. m Holy Communion at 7 a. m., Sunday school at 11:30 a. m., with first rehearsal of Christmas carols. Confirmation class at 3 o'clock, and Monday evening at seven o'clock. Wednesday evening service at 7 o'clock. The Young Ladies Guild meet Monday afternoon at 3 45 p. m. A full attendance is requested The vested choir of men, boys and young ladies will begin to rehearse for the Christmas services, next week. Rehearsal for services to-morrow, this evening at 7 o'clock. The Rt. Rev Bishop Leonard will visit the parish on the second Sunday in December and administer the rites of confirmation.

REV. C. B. CRAWFORD, Rector.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

Preaching at 10 a. m. Lecture at 7 p. m.; subject, "The World's Fair," this being the eighth in the course. Sunday School at 11:30 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 p. m. All are welcome to these services

J. F. DAVIES, Pastor.

SPRING STREET LUTHERAN CHURCH.

Sunday school at 9 a. m. Preaching at 10:15 a. m. by the pastor on "The Christian's State, Privilege and Practice." No evening services, but the congregation will join in the Munhall meeting at Trinity.

A. C. MILLER, Pastor.

Life is Misery

To many people who have the taint of scrofula in their blood. The agonies caused by the dreadful running sores and other manifestations of this disease are beyond discription. There is no other remedy equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla for scrofula, salt rheum and every form of blood disease. It is reasonably sure to benefit all who give it a fair trial.

HOOD'S PILL'S cure all liver ills.

STAGE GOSSIP.

Manager Moore, recognizing the demand for first class repertoire companies, has engaged for the coming week a company that needs no word of praise, the mere mention of Mr. and Mrs. Wayne being quite enough to secure for them a hearty welcome during their engagement.

*

The author of "Niobe" has produced "The Lady Killer," and it has scored a success in London.

*

Irving's "Becket" employs 100 people.

*

Bernhardt played in Paris last week for the first time in four years. "Les Rois" was a success as far as the star was concerned.

*

One of the brighest young comedians in America is Willie Collier, who is announced to appear at the Faurot opera house early in December in a new concoction of farcical entertainment under the old title of "Hoss and Hoss." He will be supported by an excellent company which will introduce all the latest songs, dances, parodies and specialties. The reconstructed "Hoss and Hoss" is fully abreast of the times, although it can claim no authorship, as it has been written entirely by the company. "Four Dead Swell Micks, a new song and a sensation, will be introduced by Collier, Sherman Wade, Edd Redway and James B. Gentry. A new dance by Louise Allen called "The Ostrich Dance," is said to have made quite a hit in the eastern cities. Willie Collier has made for himself a national reputation during the past four years as one of the leading comedians of America.

*

Seventy per cent. of the professional actors in England are now declared to be idle. Many amateurs, who for nothing, spoil the business

*

Only one theatre on the Bowery, New York, is giving performances in English.

*

John Drew will appear in an American comedy by Henry Guy Carleton in Boston during Christmas week. Sardou's play, written for Mr. Drew, is to be delivered January 1.

*

The Court of Honor at the World's Fair will be reproduced in London as a setting for the spectacle called "America."

*

"The Rising Generation," a new play in which Mr William Barry, late of Barry and Fay, is appearing this season, depicts life in Harlem among the lower classes. Mr Barry plays the part of a contractor of an aqueduct, who becomes rich and gets in trouble with his aristocratic neighbors.

*

Edward Terry says that women compose some of the finest dance music and some of the best songs of the day. The composer of the extremely popular "In the Gloaming" is Lady Arthur Hill, whose nom de plume is Fortescue Harrison.

*

Before the close of this month Lima theatre-goers will have the opportunity of witnessing Augustus Thomas' great Madison Square theatre production of "The Burglar." This very successful society drama has received naught but favorable comment since its first production some three seasons back. The piece has been seen here before and needs no word of praise now.

*

New Orleans is to have the strongest company this season ever gathered for a season of French opera in that town.

*

Minnie Seligman's night attire in "Olat" has startled New York purists. Her young husband is out of a job at present

*

Reginald De Koven is at work on a new operatta. The period is that of the first Crusade, the place France and the story a combination of romance and wit.

*

It is said that Augustin Daly will come back to this country and exploit the fortunes of Ada Rehan and James Lewis at the head of two distinct companies, and will use the theatre in New York for the purpose of starting his stars on their out-of-town careers.

*

There has been a very general but mistaken impression that "Wang" has passed into other hands As a matter of fact the work, which has been the greatest popular and financial success known in years, has not been sold. It is now the valuable property of the same owners as on the night of its first production two years ago. The contrary belief is due to the fact that during the first two seasons the opera's owners allowed it to be produced on a royalty, while during the coming season it will be under their own exclusive management They have recognized the fact that "Wang" has great intrinsic merits of its own. It is a recognized fact among managers that the opera goes out this season with more money behind it and more money lavished upon its production than ever before. 'Wang' will be produced at the Opera House about the middle of December.

*

A handkerchief tied around the hips constitute the costume of the women who give an Egyptian dance in a new Paris ballet.

*

In a Leipsic theatre a closet and key goes with every orchestra seat. This convenience is utilized for wraps, etc.

*

Among the attractions which will visit our theatre in the near future are found: August Thomas's great society success, "The Burglar;" "The London Bells," Vaudeville and Burlesque Co. The funniest of all comedies, Hoss and Hoss, and "Romany Rye," a piece which we cannot say enough in its praise. Though it has never visited our city we feel perfectly safe in guaranteeing it to our people as a production which everybody should witness.

FENCING AND FOOTBALL

The Yankee Girl Now Indulges In Both Sports.

WELLESLEY GIRLS AS KICKERS.

They Are Strictly Up to Date Concerning Goals, Punts and Touchdowns—The Royal and Ancient Game of Golf Growing In Favor Among American Women.

No New York society girl is truly au fait nowadays unless she can talk intelligently about golf links, teeing grounds, brassies, cleeks and lofters—for the royal and ancient game of golf is Scotch; it has received a most hearty English indorsement and consequently is quite the proper thing She is away behind the times, too, if she cannot



WELLESLEY GIRLS PLAYING FOOTBALL.

fence just a little bit, and shout "en garde" with a good French accent. Football is also claiming a large share of her attention, but thus far she has contented herself with simply attending the games, wearing her favorite college colors and lionizing the long haired male kickers.

There is a strong tendency in Massachusetts to go even farther than this, for the girls at Wellesley college have begun kicking with a vengeance, and although it is quite impossible for any male expert to state precisely whether they kick well or not there are good grounds for hazarding the opinion that they kick fully as well as girls could reasonably be expected to.

Pretty Miss Lucille Hill, instructor in physical culture at the college, is said to have turned the minds of the Wellesley maidens toward goals and punts and touchdowns and scrimmages, and it may be incidentally added that she is also encouraging the young ladies to play baseball, basket ball, golf, hockey and other sports usually played by man alone. Football a la Wellesley, however, is not particularly fierce or exciting. It can hardly be called the Rugby game, and it does not closely resemble association or Gaelic football. It is neither fish nor flesh nor good red herring football, but simply Wellesley football.

In one respect, however, the girls resemble their male rivals for glory in the game—they wear their hair long. When the fair players get mixed up in a desperate scrimmage over the ball, in which they happen to gently jostle one another wholly by accident, they pause and say, "Really, how very rude of me," or "Oh! I beg pardon, dear!" or "Excuse me! But isn't this just too lovely for anything!"

It may be stated right here that "slugging" is entirely unheard of, and that if any young lady should happen to so far forget herself as to pull a sister player's hair, she would be ruled out of the game by the umpire at once. In short, the game is so very ladylike that few accidents occur. But if Mamie's bangs do get out of crimp, or Mabel's dress is torn, or even if Rosa's hair actually does come down the game goes on just the same. Perspiration may put powder to rout, hairpins may rain down upon the gridiron like the proverbial pitchforks, and golden, black, brown and blond locks may riot over the shoulders, but there is never a pause in the play.

The games are usually between rival class elevens, and the girls seem as much interested in the success of their respective classes as college boys do in the battles their 'varsity eleven wages against the team of another alma mater. Some of the girls are sprinters of no mean ability, and others can send the round association ball far down the field by a well directed kick Now that the Wellesley girls have broken the football ice, other schools for the fair sex will probably take up the sport.

Golf has been quite the swell game at Newport during the summer and fall. In England it is as popular among women as among men, and there is even a ladies' golf championship decided every year. There is nothing rough about the sport, and the long tramp over the golf links and the mild excitement of driving the ball from hole to hole around the three, four or five mile course have proved very beneficial and pleasing to the women of old England. Their cousins on this side of the big pond are apparently as well pleased with the sport, for it has already secured a firm foothold in America.

Golf may be made intelligible to the uninformed American by stating that it is practically "shinny" three miles long, or five mile "shinny" if the links are that



NEW YORK SOCIETY GIRLS FENCING.

distance in length. Two or three players, or as many parties of players contest against each other, and every golfer has a rare assortment of clubs with even a rarer assortment of names. There are about 20 different golf clubs, but as a usual thing the players use but four or five, and even when thus aided by fate the fair beginner finds great difficulty in distinguishing her brassy niblick from her cleek, putter, lofter or driver without going through the formality of a brand new introduction. These clubs are of different shapes at the end, and are used one after another according to the lay of the land and the particular position the ball is found to be in. For example, the wooden driver is the proper club for a long shot over smooth country, and the iron cleek is just the club to get the ball out of long grass or a hole.

These clubs are carried in a long bag or case for each player by a young official, who is called a "caddie." He is usually well saturated with advice, and it always oozes out of him whenever a beginner calls for her lofter when the caddie believes that the situation imperatively demands the services of a putter, or a brassy niblick, or a bulger driver, or a brassy bulger, or some other club handicapped for life with a horrible name

Very briefly outlined, the game is as follows: Each side starts at the teeing ground or beginning of the course by placing its ball on a little cone of sand and whacking it with the putter toward the second hole in the course. The ball is driven again and again until one side or the other sends it into the second hole, and the one accomplishing this feat with the lesser number of strokes gets the hole placed to its credit. The players then place the ball on another cone of sand and the previous performance is repeated. From the third hole they proceed to the fourth, and continue playing until they reach the last hole at the end of the course. The side securing the most holes wins the game.

There are a number of golf clubs near New York—among them the Yonkers, Meadowbrook and Shinnecock Hills clubs—and there are several more at Newport, Chicago, Duluth, Washington and other cities. In all of these clubs women play, and they seem to enjoy the sport, both on account of its inherent amusing qualities and the fact that it is a society fad.

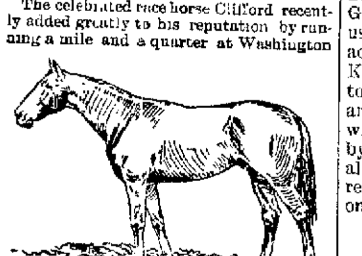
Cumming Macdona, the Scotch M. P., tells a good story of his attempt to introduce golf in Texas, where, as he supposed, not a soul had any idea of the game. He induced the commanding officer of the United States garrison at San Antonio to play with him on the parade ground, and they took a regular army soldier along as caddie In the course of play the Scotch statesman used his brassy niblick for a difficult shot, and did not succeed. To his intense astonishment the soldier caddie saluted him, and without moving a muscle of his face said in the broadest of Scotch, "Eh, mon, but ye ocht tae hae ta'en yer cleek tae that!"

With the coming of winter, however, golf can no longer be played, and the society girl has turned her attention to fencing For several years past the ladies of France, Germany and Austria have been securing a great deal of amusement and good health by the use of the slender foils, and the American woman has decided that there must be something worth cultivating in the sport. In New York several large classes of lady fencers have been formed, and the wives, sisters and sweethearts of the members of the New York Athletic club have become especially proficient under the tutelage of Senac, the club's instructor

EARLE H. EATON.

Clifford, the Swift Runner.

The celebrated race horse Clifford recently added greatly to his reputation by running a mile and a quarter at Washington



CLIFFORD.

park, Chicago, in the fast time of 2:09¾, defeating such famous thoroughbreds as Lamplighter and Yo Tambien

Clifford is 3 years old and is by Bramble, out of Duchess, and is the property of the well known racing firm of Leigh & Rose. He has won half a dozen great races this year and is looked upon as the best horse in training in America, with the possible exceptions of Morello and Domino.

What the Cash Cyclists Won.

Now that the racing season of 1893 is over, there is a chance to review the work of the National Cycling association in its effort to establish professional bicycle racing as a legitimate sport. Probably no event in connection with any sport has met with the same opposition and so much unkind criticism from those who pretended to be anxious to boom the sport of bicycle racing. It has cost the association a good round sum—$12,770—to establish the scheme They will be in the field next season earlier than they were this year. The list of winnings of the cyclists show Wheeler far in the lead with $3,050 to his credit; Berlo comes next with $1,270; Dorntge, $1,035, Rich, $835, Kluge, $825, Ashinger, $825, Albert, $570, Newhouse, $550, and Kanoshu, $425 The winnings of none of the others reach $400, and most of them are less than $100

Greenlander, the Two Mile Champion.

Greenlander, the famous stallion owned by Augustus Sharpe of Louisville, recently lowered the world's record for stallions for two miles at Terre Haute. The time was 4.34, which cuts down the record of Monroe Chief by 19 seconds. Rody Patterson drove the great stallion to victory Greenlander is said to be the gamest stallion on the turf today and one of the fastest natural trotters.

It is said that Greenlander has been taken from his stall and hitched to an ordinary sulky, without boots or weights, and to have trotted a quarter in 31 seconds—truly a great performance. Mr. Sharpe will probably start for Germany some time next January with a string of trotters and attempt to make a showing in Europe that will make American trotting fanciers proud.

English Women Who Row Well.

The appearance of a ladies' eight on the Thames, England, has attracted considerable attention The craft in which the ladies row is a light one, belonging to General Hammersley of Abney House, and the members of the crew are all neatly attired in white, with ties and hat bands of Leander cerise. The rowing is remarkably good, and it is easy to see that the instructions of a "coach" have been carefully attended to from the excellent "time" and "body swing." The ladies think nothing of a spin of 12 miles.

The Sphinx's Secret.

Lo! here the riddle that hath vexed our souls
Through all these ten thousand years;
The secret that breaketh the Sphinx's stone heart
And bringeth its pebbly tears.
Lo, now! what its weird eyes have searched for in vain
Since the new sun first saw its face—
It seeketh a wheelman whose head doth not swell
Whenever he winneth a race!

—Wheel.

School Directors In Kansas.

The following from the Lincoln Beacon answers the doubt as to women voting at school elections:

In one district there was but one man present. The director, a man, forgot the date. The other two members were women, and both were present. With delicate gallantry the man was made chairman, and the women proceeded to do the business of the meeting, not forgetting a single thing. They voted an ample tax, and to repair the schoolhouse, and unanimously for county uniformity of textbooks, re-elected the treasurer, who is serving her fourth term, and the clerk duly prepared and sent in her returns. If the argument, "Women don't want the ballot, for they do not vote at school elections," applies, what can be said of the men, who rarely ever come out in greater numbers than just enough to transact the business?

A Family Peculiarity.

"Literature certainly runs in the Greensmith family The two daughters write poetry that nobody will print; the sons write plays that nobody will act, and the mother writes novels that nobody will read."

"And what does the father write?"

"Oh, he writes checks that nobody will cash."—Press and Printer.

MANY MILES IN A CANOE.

Warburton Pike's Exploration Into the Interior of Alaska.

Warburton Pike, the English explorer, has arrived at Nanaimo, B. C., from the interior of Alaska, having made a journey of over 4,000 miles in a small canoe, He left Victoria, B. C., a year ago last July for Fort Wrangle, and thence proceeded to Stikeen river in a canoe through the Cassair country and followed the Dease river as far as the junction with the Laird tributary of the Mackenzie river There he spent the winter hunting big game. Late in the winter Pike started out with a dog sled for Francis lake, which he crossed, and thence made the portage to the Pelly lakes, getting into a country never before explored by white man.

Spring had set in by the time the Pelly lakes were reached, and crossing there Pike followed the Pelly river to its source. On his return he followed the Pelly river to Lewis river, which he followed to the Yukon. He then began a continuous journey of 2,500 miles, which lasted for two months. He left the Yukon river near the coast and made a portage to Kuskoquin river and thence made his way around the coast to Fort Alexander the trip having lasted 18 months.

During the whole time he met with no accident He used the same canoe all through. It weighs only 100 pounds and is 17 feet long Mr. Pike formed a very poor opinion of the interior of Alaska. He says it is absolutely worthless except for hunting. Game of all kinds is abundant.—Washington Star.

Great Britain got two of her possessions from pirates—the Leeward islands in Borneo and Sarawak in the northwest of Borneo.

Strength and Health.

If you are not feeling strong and healthy, try Electric Bitters. If "La Grippe" has left you weak and weary use Electric Bitters. This remedy acts directly on Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, gently aiding those organs to perform their functions. If you are afflicted with Sick Headache, you will find speedy and permanent relief by taking Electric Bitters. One trial will convince you that this is the remedy you need. Large bottles only 50c, at Melville Bros. drug store.

Egg Rolls.

Rub two tablespoonfuls of butter well into one pint of sifted flour. Add one teaspoonful of salt and a teaspoonful of baking powder. Beat one egg light without separating, then add one half of a cup of milk to it. When well mixed, stir into the flour and mix into a soft dough. Knead very lightly and roll out. Cut in strips two inches long and the same wide; make a cut across the center of each roll, and put in a greased pan. Bake in a quick oven for 15 minutes, previously brushing the tops with sugar and water.

Are Your Children Subject to Croup?

If so, you should never be without a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is a certain cure for croup and has never been known to fail—if given freely as soon as the croup cough appears it will prevent the attack. It is the sole reliance with thousands of mothers who have croupy children, and never disappoints them. There is no danger in giving this remedy in large and frequent doses, as it contains nothing injurious. 50-cent bottles for sale by Melville, the druggist, next to postoffice.

Graham Breakfast Cake

Mix one cup of Graham flour with one cup of wheat flour, add one-half teaspoonful of salt and one cupful of sweet milk. Dissolve one-half teaspoonful of soda in a little hot water and add to a half cup of molasses. Add this to the batter. Add one teaspoonful of baking powder and bake in a hot oven for 30 minutes.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no money required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Melville Bros.

His Preference.

He was selling her dry goods.

It was evident that her haughty, distant manner cut him to the quick.

"Excuse me, miss," he said, as he stopped in the middle of a measurement of cloth, "but aren't you the lady who promised to be a sister to me at Cape May?"

"It may be that I am," she answered, freezingly.

"I wish you would take back that promise."

"Why?"

"Because I'd rather be a total stranger than a poor relation any day."—*Washington Star.*

CURES RISING BREAST

"MOTHER'S FRIEND" is the greatest blessing ever offered child-bearing woman. I have been a mid-wife for many years, and in each case where "Mother's Friend" had been used it has accomplished wonders and relieved much suffering. It is the best remedy for rising of the breast known, and worth the price for that alone. MRS. M. M. BREWSTER, Montgomery, Ala.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
Sold by all druggists. ATLANTA, GA.

DON'T TOBACCO SPIT OR SMOKE YOUR LIFE AWAY

Is the truthful, startling title of a little book that tells all about No-to-bac, the wonderful harmless, *Guaranteed* tobacco habit cure. The cost is trifling, and the man who wants to quit and can't runs no physical or financial risk in using "No-to-bac." Sold by Jno. P. Harley.

Book at store or by mail free. Address The Sterling Remedy Co., Indiana Mineral Springs, Ind.

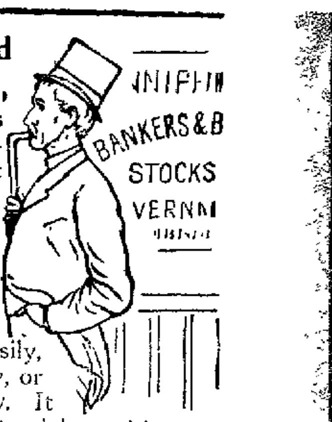
WANTED.

Reliable men to sell our choice and hardy Nursery Stock and Seed Potatoes, full and complete line. Many varieties can only be obtained through us. Commission or salary paid weekly and promptly. Exclusive and choice of territory given. Dont delay, write at once for terms.

ALLEN NURSERY CO., Rochester, N Y

Cleaned out, as well as in—everything that is cleaned with *Pearline*. Nothing does its work as well, as easily, as quickly, or as cheaply. It divides the labor with you, and doubles the result. With it, you can wash the finest clothes [illegible] without it, you [illegible] the roughest house[illegible] easily.

Never peddled [illegible] JAMES PYLE, N.Y.



Nerve Tonic — Blood Builder



Send for descriptive pamphlet.

50c. per box. 6 for $2.50.

Dr. WILLIAMS MEDICINE CO., Schenectady, N.Y. and Brockville, Ont.

4 MEN

Can get shaved every ten minutes at

LUTZ'S : BARBER : SHOP,

One door west of postoffice, on High street. tf

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No 5616.

First National Bank of Lima, Ohio, Plaintiff, vs. P J. Murphy, et al, Defendants } Auglaize Common Pleas

By virtue of an execution issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Auglaize County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale in the room occupied by P J. Murphy, Union Block, on East Market Street, in Lima, Ohio, on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 20, A D 1893,

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described goods and chattels, to-wit:

One (1) beer cooler, one (1) beer pump and faucet, one (1) wrench table, one (1) looking-glass, about eight (8) gallons Holland Gin in 20-gallon keg, about twelve (12) gallons Blackberry Brandy, in 20-gallon keg, about four (4) gallons London Dock Gin in 20-gallon keg, about three (3) gallons Sherry, one (1) lot Belfast Soda, about four dozen bottles Dublin Stout, about five (5) dozen bottles Whiskey, one (1) desk, one (1) revolving chair (wood seat), four (4) wood seat chairs, about sixty (60) empty whiskey barrels, all bottles, flasks, jugs, etc., and everything in and about the room occupied by P. J. Murphy in the Union Block, on East Market Street, Lima, Ohio.

Terms of sale—Cash.

LAWRENCE O'NEILL,
Sheriff Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, October 16, 1893.

MOTTER & MACKENZIE,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 7044.

Ex. Doc. 5 Page 289

South Side Building & Loan Association of Lima, Ohio, Pl't'ff, vs Lawrence and Barbara O Neill, Def'd'nts. } Allen Common Pleas

By virtue of an order of sale issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Allen County, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, A D 1893,

Between the hours of 1 o'clock and 4 o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situated in the City of Lima, Allen County, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to wit:

A part of outlot fifty-three (53) in W. S Rose's sub-division of the east half of the southeast quarter of section twenty-five (25), township three (3), south of range seven (7), east, commencing on the east line of McDonald street, in Lima, in said County, at a point seventy-six (76) feet north of the south line of said outlot, thence running east parallel with the south line of said outlot ninety-three (93) feet, thence north to the south line of the right-of-way of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago railroad, thence in a northwesterly direction along the south line of said right-of-way to the east line of said McDonald street, thence south along the east line of said street to place of beginning.

Appraised at $800.00.

Terms of sale—Cash.

LAWRENCE O'NEILL,
Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, November 4, 1893

Motter & Mackenzie, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No 6355

Ex. Doc. 2 Page 54

Hitchcock Man'f'g Co, Plaintiff, vs L M. Tuttle, et al., Defendants. } Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of a vendi exponas, issued from the court of Common Pleas, of Allen County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale on the premises on North Union Street, in Lima, Allen County, Ohio, between Market and High Streets, at 10 o'clock a. m.,

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 28th, A. D. 1893

the following described property, to-wit:

The transfer barn on North Union street situated on the east half of lot number fifty-five (55) in the original plat of Lima, Ohio.

Terms of sale—Cash

LAWRENCE O'NEILL,
Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, November 17, 1893.

O. W. Smith, Plaintiff's attorney.

GOLD EAGLE

Lager Beer

The Celebrated John Hauk and Gerke Beer always on hand in kegs and bottles Family Beer a specialty. Also a full line of Grennaway's Pale Ale, Porter and Stout, delivered to all parts of the city.

C. GEIGER,
Telephone 147. 538 North West St.

P. (Trade Mark.) & P.

KID GLOVES

MANUFACTURED BY Chaumont TRADE P. & P. MARK

MANUFACTURED BY BERTHOLD TRADE P. & P. MARK

MANUFACTURED BY FONTAINE P. & P. MARK

Sole agent for the above brands of Kid Gloves. G. E. BLUEM.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

THEY MUST GO!



Hard Times!
High Prices!
Big Profits!

Cannot Exist in Lima, for we have got the Goods, and make the prices that

Save - The - People - Money

—READ OUR PRICES:—

For Boys' Suits.

Knee Pant Suits, age 4 to 14, at $1.00.
A fine all wool suit, durable and well made, single or double breasted, ages four to fourteen, for Three Dollars.
Don't miss our Knee Pants at Twenty-Five Cents.
Three piece suit, ages ten to eighteen, for Three Dollars.
Our double and single breasted suits, ages fifteen to nineteen, are the finest in the land.
Boys' Long Pants, lined, at Seventy-Five Cents.

Overcoats.

We carry the largest line of Boys' Overcoats in Northwestern Ohio.
Twenty-five Overcoats, ages four to fourteen, for One Dollar and Twelve Cents.
Twenty-five Cape Overcoats, ages four to fourteen, for Two Dollars.
Boys' Ulsters from Two Dollars and a Half to Five Dollars.
Boys' Overcoats, ages fifteen to nineteen, from Three Dollars to Ten Dollars.

Hats, Caps, Gloves and Mittens.

Ask to see our Fifty Cent Hat.
Silk Plush Caps at Fifty Cents.
Scotch and Jersey Wool Caps for Twenty-Five Cents.
Boys' Jersey Wool Gloves for Twenty-Five Cents.
Boys' all wool Mittens for Fifteen Cents; two pair Twenty-Five Cents.

For Men's Suits.

One of the main features of this department is One Hundred and Twenty-five Men's Suits, worth from Twelve to Fifteen Dollars, at the Extremely Low Price of Ten Dollars.
They are all wool, winter weight, and the biggest bargains you ever saw.
A few winter weight suits at Four Dollars and Ninety-Eight Cents, worth Seven Dollars.
The best all wool pants on earth for Two Dollars.

Overcoats.

We are leaders in this line.
Ask to see our fine Seven Dollar and a Half and Ten Dollar Overcoats.
They come in Sacks, Ulsters, Single and Double Breasted, and are the best values you have ever seen for the money.

Lined Duck Coats.

Remember we show more Duck Coats than ever before.
Prices range from One to Two Dollars.
Insist on seeing this line, for they are cheap.

Hats, Caps, Gloves and Mittens.

All the latest shapes and shades in Hats.
Men's Silk Plush Caps for One Dollar.
All Wool Caps at Twenty Cents.
Men's Buckskin Gloves at One Dollar.
Men's All Wool Mittens for Fifteen Cents; Two Pair for Twenty-Five Cents.

Remember, no trouble to show goods, and if you are a patron once you will be a customer forever. Come and see us.

Gus: Kalb,

Strictly One-Priced Clothier, Hatter and Furnisher,
28 and 30 Union Block.

The Lima Times-Democrat.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO.

COUNTING ROOM, 221 NORTH MAIN ST.

TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

One of the Howard Quartette will sing at the Congregational church to-morrow evening.

The notorious Congress Saloon opposite to the P. Ft. W. & C. depot, conducted by Jennie Snyder, has been closed. She failed to pay the license and the doors were locked.

A young son of Mr. G. Wms. Van Rensaler, fell while at play this afternoon, and cut a gash a couple of inches long on his forehead. Drs. Kahle sewed the wound together.

Tontogany Burning.

TONTOGANY, O., Nov. 18.—(Special.)—Fire broke out here in the C., H. & D. depot about two o'clock this afternoon. All of the C., H. D. buildings and thirty or forty cars on side tracks are in flames. The entire town is threatened.

Superintendent Frasted left this city on a special train for the scene about 2:30 o'clock, as soon as the news was received at his office.

Will be a Good One.

The glove contest between Jack Kirwin and Jimmie Weeden will come off Monday night in Kirwin's club room, corner Wayne and Union street. Both men are in first class condition and the contest will no doubt be a good one.

They Danced.

The ball which was given Cambrian hall last night by Northwestern Ruling No. 138, Fraternal Mystic Circle, was a pronounced success and a very pleasant affair. About fifty couple were present and the programme of twenty-four dances highly enjoyed.

Walt Connors Dead.

James Walter Connors died yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of his sister, Mrs. R. R. Brockett, 347 East Wayne street. The funeral services will be held to-morrow at 2 o'clock p. m., from the residence of Mrs. Brockett. Interment at Woodlawn cemetery.

Positive economy, peculiar merit and wonderful medicinal powers are all combined in Hood's Sarsaparilla Try it. Hood's cures.

at
BELL'S
A special lot of Cloaks, very cheap.
25-3t

ABOUT PEOPLE

Who They Are, Where They Have Been and Are Going.

John Neff has returned from a visit with friends in Crestline.

Father Alfred E. Manning, of Fremont, arrived here this afternoon to take his new charge.

Mrs. A. J. Maguire left this morning for Flemingburg, Ky., to see her brother who is very sick.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Hull left this morning for Chicago where they will make their future home.

Miss Nellie Kenney, of Urbana, left to-day for Marion to spend Sunday before returning to her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas Jefferies, of East Vine street, are home from a ten day's visit with their parents in Portland, Ind.

Misses Etta and Elsie Smith, of Patterson, O., are visiting their aunt, Mrs. J. D. Alexander, of 637 North Main street.

Miss Mary Dean has returned to her home in Andover, N. Y., after an extended visit with the Misses Higginbotham's.

Brakeman W. H. Cook, of Huntington, formerly of the C. & E. yards, was shaking hands with his old friends here, to-day.

L. O. Myers, of the Myers Manufacturing Co., of Fremont, was the guest of his sister Mrs. C. M. Schriver, of 625 South Main street, yesterday.

GLOVER & WINTERS

Wholesale and Retail Millinary.

Ladies of Lima, are you posted? Do you know the styles? If you do, come and see what we can offer you in Parisian, New York, and don't you forget Lima styles. This is a bold assertion. We would not do it without confidence. If we are mistaken you can be the judge. Trimmed hats in all styles and millinary at prices—well we will not mention. Look around for yourself. A special job on hand. 113 and 115 East High street. 25-3t

Mike Sullivan Defeated.

Jack McInerny, of Montpelier, Indiana, and Mike Sullivan, of this city, met in Bluffton, Ind., last night for a purse of $200 and door receipts. Sullivan won the first fall, but McInerney took three successive falls in six, eight and seven minutes. McInerney had all of Montpelier's money behind him, the oil men of that region being ready to back him against all comers for any sum. He is a full cousin of the famous Cincinnati wrestler.

Wants Pay For It.

Wm. H. Kraft, by his next best friend, E. L. Kraft, to-day brought suit for $110 against the Solar Refining Company for compensation for nurses' hire, medical attendance, etc., while laid up with an eye injured by a sliver of steel penetrating it while working for the company.

FAREWELL!

Said Father O'Leary to St. Roses' Congregation Last Night.

After Eight Years of Pastoral Duties Here, He Leaves for a New Charge in Cleveland.

At St. Rose's church last night Rev. Father O'Leary delivered his farewell address to the congregation to whose spiritual wants he has administered for the past eight years, and this afternoon he left for his new home in Cleveland, where he takes charge of a congregation composed of 1800 families. This congregation is one of the largest and most influential in the Forest City, and the selection of Father O'Leary by the Bishop to preside over it is a flattering commentary upon his ability as a pastor and an evidence of the high estimation in which he is held by his superiors in ecclestastical matters. Indeed, the promotion given Father O'Leary is as great advance as could be made.

Had Father O'Leary remained in Lima until next month his tenure of service would have covered a period of eight years. He came to Lima from Alliance and was the successor here of Rev. Father Henry, deceased. During the eight years of his pastorate in St. Rose's church he has accomplished a great work for the church. He found the church heavily in debt; this indebtedness has been cleared away, the church enlarged and beautified until it will compare with any within a radius of two hundred miles; an elegant new pipe organ has been added to the church equipment; a beautiful and substantial parochial school building has been erected and furnished; the school improved in every way until to-day in equipment, size and discipline it will rank with any in the diocese of Cleveland. And all this vast amount of work has been done without ostentation. St. Rose's church is to-day practically out of debt, and the congregation has never been in a more harmonious condition.

No portion of St. Rose's congregation will miss Father O'Leary as much as the younger portion of it, for he had always entered heartily into their plans and into the spirit of their work. He took great interest in everything that pertained to the temperal or spiritual welfare of the younger element of his church.

At last night's service a number of valuable presents were given to Father O'Leary attesting the regard felt for him by his congregation. There were a number of presents given by private individuals, and also the following from the congregation in general, and the different church societies:

From the congregation—A golden challice, a fine vestment, a missal, breviary in four volumes; presentation speech by F. X. Galerneau.

From Knights of St. John—A complete china dinner set and a silver set, presentation speech by Vincent Connelly, president of the order.

From Young Ladies Sodality—An elegant office set, consisting of desk, four chairs and clock.

From Hibernian Society—A beautiful lamp and stand and a fire chair; presentation speech by Senator-elect Lawlor.

From school children—A silver tea set.

Father O'Leary carries with him to his new home the best wishes of our entire community. He is a man to whom all became attached with whom he had any business relations, and all unite in wishing him most abundant success in his new field of labor.

SAME THING.

The Australia Arrives Without Any News.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 18.—(Special)—The Australia has arrived, bringing nothing sensational from Hawaii. The queen had not been restored when the boat sailed.

Surrendered.

We have taken forty-eight hours to consider which of two courses would be least disastrous; and after considering both sides of the situation and weighing the chance of the loss in either case, we have concluded to surrender to our friends.

We were afraid to face the future with $20,000.00 worth of surplus stock, consequently we have determined upon the sacrifice. We have fixed upon Monday, November the 20th, as the opening day of our surrender sale.

We are resolved to strike, to spare not.

Every department must surrender its share.

Fine quality must bow before low prices, and large quantity must yield to small force. Remember, Monday, November 20th, and continuing for two weeks.

No more no less.

G. E. BLUEM,
57 Public Square.

Dress Goods and Cloak House of Lima. 80-2t

A Broken Wrist.

Early this morning Mrs. J. M. Haller, of 889 West Wayne street, stepped from the house onto a board pavement, which was covered with ice, when she slipped and fell, the weight of her body coming on her left arm, which was broken at the wrist. Dr. Brooks reduced the fracture.

ARM BROKEN.

Mrs. Frank Martin, of No. 444 South Pine street, fell, and had her arm broken about ten o'clock this morning. Dr. Rudy reduced the fracture.

Not Known Here.

Joe Miller, a cowardly drunken tramp, and an umbrella fixer by occupation, who claims to live at Lima, was arrested last night by Officer Crampton on the old Troy road where he had wandered beside a strawstack to sleep of a drunken debauch. He had been on South Main street during the evening and had insulted several ladies who made complaint. The old nuisance was locked up for safe keeping.—*Piqua Dispatch.*

ROUND ABOUT.

Harry Van Norman, the L. E & W. baggagemaster, was in a peck of trouble this morning, all on account of his watch. Harry runs on the Sandusky accommodation, and catches the train at the depot. This morning when he awoke and glanced at his time-piece he was startled to find that he had slept five minutes longer than usual. He did not linger for breakfast, but flew out of the house and made a bee line through alleyways and across lots for the depot. He arrived there out of breath, and was overjoyed at discovering the train standing at the depot. Rushing up to Conductor Sprow, he thanked him for holding the train and told him to pull out. Paul looked at Harry as though he thought he was going crazy, but said nothing. Harry climbed aboard and sank, almost exhausted, in a chair in the car. He gradually recovered himself, and could not understand why the train did not start. Thinking that Conductor Sprow did not recognize him, he hunted him up and inquired why he didn't start, as he was on hand.

"Can't you wait until our time is up? What's the matter with you, anyhow?" was the response, as Paul pulled out his watch and informed Harry that they had forty-five minutes before leaving. Harry compared watches and found that his had gained almost an hour during the night.

* * *

This morning before the grand jury began its labors for the day, Judge Richie called them into open court and addressed them in regard to telling what transpired during their deliberations. The Judge's remarks were to the point on the subject and were not be mis-understood. It is safe to say thre will be no more grand jury room secrets get out at the present session. The jury adjurned this afternoon until Tuesday morning at ten o'clock.

DRIVE WHIST.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Lufkin Entertain Friends at that Game.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Lufkin entertained a number of their friends last night at their pleasant residence on West Market street. "Drive Whist" was the order of the evening and as there was a prize for the winner of the most points and a booby prize for the winner of the least number of points, the games were animated. The recipients of the prizes for most points were Mr. W. H. Richie and Mrs. F. E. Harmon. The prizes were two beautiful moonstones which Mr. and Mrs. Lufkin had brought from India with them. They were set one in a scarf pin and one in a ring by native workmen in Singapore. The booby prizes were won by Mr. W. A. Campbell and Mrs. E. F. Lufkin, and consisted of two decks of cards, one brought from Holland and one from the island of Java. The charming hostess presented the prizes to the boobies with the injunction that they go and learn to play whist.

OFFICIAL VOTE

For Senator in the Thirty-Second District

The official vote of the counties in the 32nd Senatorial District have all been received by the Allen county Board of elections with the following result:

COUNTIES.	Lewis R.	Johnson B.	Lawlor D.	Brennan Peo.	Newbright Peo.	Scattering
Allen	3686	4421	4105	837	420	3
Auglaize	2160	2107	2166	196	194	.....
Defiance	2220	2904	2955	378	364	.....
Mercer	1753	3504	5466	646	540	.....
Paulding	2368	2759	2711	76	53	.....
Van Wert	2170	3599	3466	222	24	.....
Williams	3003	2667	2653	232	243	.....
Total	20129	25167	22560	1615	1857	4
Majorities	.....	1118	561	.....	.....	.....

SOUTH SIDE.

The Stevenson Club met last night.

A. T. South is ill at his home, 531 South Pine street.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Pierson, of South Elizabeth street, a girl.

C. W. Kraft, of East Kibby street, returned from Portland, Ind., yesterday.

Frank Wheeler is home from Huntington, visiting his parents on East Kibby street.

Christ Meshe has taken charge of the fish stand at Mohr's liquor store, on South Main street.

Mrs. Lou Counsellor, of Ossian, Ind., is the guest of Mrs. W. A. Ehrneman, of 440 South Pine street.

The mush and milk supper announced for last night in the parlors of Grace M. E. church, was postponed.

OIL AND GAS.

The eastern oil market closed at 75 cents.

Buckeye Pipe Line runs for 17th, 57,092.58.

A telegram from Mercer county states that W. H. Jones, of this city, has just drilled in a well that is good for 75 or 100 barrels.

At the Police Station.

A man by the name of Leasure was arrested last night by policeman Patton and Lieutenant Phalen, for drunkenness and was taken very ill about 7 o'clock this morning. He was given some medicine and then taken to his home on East North street.

John McMillen, who was mixed up in the fight with Will Dietrich at the Turner Hall a few nights ago, was locked up last night.

Wanted, House and Lot.

We have a buyer for a house and lot in a resonable distance from business center, worth from $1000 to $2000. Can make good payments. Call on C. H. Folsom, Holmes block. It

HOW MUCH LONGER

Will the Mis-Management of the Fire Department Continue?

About 2:45 o'clock this morning the residents in the neighborhood of St. Johns avenue and Second street were awakened by a bright light shining into their windows and it was discovered that an old shed belonging to Mrs. Mary Schultz was in flames. The fire spread rapidly and in a few moments the barn belonging to Henry Steapleton, who lives at the corner of St. Johns avenue and Second street, together with a new barn on Mrs. Schultz's lot were in flames. Some one sent in an alarm from box 54, on Reece avenue, and the South Side department was on hand in a very short time, and considering the fact that there were only two men, did some excellent work, getting a line of hose laid and a stream of water playing on the flames by the time Mis-Chief Ogden and the central department arrived. The shed, where the fire originated, and Steapleton's barn were completely destroyed, with most of their contents, though fortunately no horses were burned. It is supposed that the fire was started by some tramps as three of them had been seen in the neighborhood. The buildings were insured.

The scene of the fire was over a mile and a half from central station, but, notwithstanding the distance and the fact that there is a department in that part of the city, the central teams were both run over and were almost exhausted when they arrived. The central and north part of the city was without any fire protection at all for over an hour. Had there been a fire neither department could have been communicated with, as they were beyond the sound of the bells. It is doubtful if the teams would have been able to run back, owing to the long distance and their exhausted condition.

Property owners and insurance agents are anxious to know how much longer the mismanagement of the Fire Department will continue.

ANNOUNCED.

Collector Hull Makes Public His Revenue Appointments.

Collector of Internal Revenue George W. Hull, of Toledo, has furnished the THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT with a list of his appointments, as follows:

L. H. Cunningham, bookkeeper, Lima; D. W. Morris, cashier, Lima; Harry L. Hull, collector's clerk, Toledo, and W. D. Blackman, gauger, Toledo.

Division deputies:—1st Div., John P. Manton, Toledo; 2nd div., Andrew Sauer, Defiance; 3rd div., C. W. Harris, (Seneca Co.) Buttsville; 4th div., J. F. Shumate, (Logan Co.,) West Liberty.

Store keepers and gaugers:—Sandusky, P. T. McNerney, Sandusky; Troy, C. W. Tamplin, Troy.

G. W. HULL, Collector.

Toledo, O., Nov. 18, '93.

CLOAKS!
CLOAKS!!
CLOAKS!!!

Just in the nick of time for the cold snap, we succeeded in closing out from a leading manufacturer a splendid lot of cloaks in the very latest styles at a greatly reduced price.

If you don't delay you can reap the benefit of our lucky purchase.

Prices from $2.98 to $19.98.

BELL'S,
25-3t Leading Dry Goods Store.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Important men's meeting to-morrow.

The study of the Sunday school lesson will be held in the rooms this evening at 7 o'clock.

Membership committee will meet in the rooms this evening at 8 o'clock. All members should be present as there is business of great importance

Men's mass meeting at the opera house to-morrow afternoon at 2:30. Mr. Munhall delivers his confidential talk to men only. Mr. Birch plays on his golden cornet, a male quartette sings. Admission is by ticket which are given away at the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

The Best Plaster.

Dampen a piece of flannel with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bind it over the seat of pain. It is better than any plaster. When the lungs are sore, such an application on the chest and another on the back between the shoulder blades will often prevent pneumonia. There is nothing so good for a lame back or a pain in the side. A sore throat can nearly always be cured in one night by applying a flannel bandage dampened with Pain Balm. 50-cent bottles for sale by Melville, the druggist, next to postoffice.

Mashed a Thumb.

This morning, while unloading a barrel from a wagon, at the Children's Home, a fellow named Baker had his right thumb caught beneath it, and the bone and flesh badly crushed. He was brought to Dr. Herrmann's office, and the wound dressed, but it is thought the entire thumb will have to be amputated.

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known, and every family should have a bottle on hand.

A Good Bargain.

Marsh & Helm will, on Saturday, November 18th, put on sale a large line of All Wool Suitings, at 35c per yard. This will give you a good, warm, stylish dress for very little money. 26 3t

The Concert

Of the Harvard's on Monday evening will commence at 8:30 p. m., to give time to attend the revival service first.

THE GREAT
SURRENDER SALE

And Below we Mention Some of the Bargains that will be Offered in this Sale,

Dress Goods.

You know our reputation for Fine Dress Goods.

Here is our Greatest Burden.

Here, too, is the DEEPEST CUT IN PRICES.

$1.50 Fancy French Dress Goods for 75 cents per yard.
$1.25 Fancy French Dress Goods for 75 cents per yard.
$1.00 Fancy French Dress Goods for 75 cents per yard.
Serges in Navy Blue worth 80 cents per yard, for 59 cents.
$1.00 Serges for 69 cents. $1.70 English Novelty for $1.25.
$1.25 French Hop Sacking for 75 cents. A 60 cent Dress Goods for 37½ cents.
An all wool Dress Goods worth 40 cents, for 29 cents.
Remnants of Dress Goods will go at Half Price.

Handkerchiefs

One of the very choicest lines of Handkerchiefs and at very low prices. In fact you have never seen Handkerchiefs sold so low before.

Ribbons.

In this department we are offering a very great Bargain. An all Silk Ribbon worth 25 and 28 cents per yard, go for 12½ cents per yard. Just the thing for Fancy Work.

Tennis Flannel.

A 50 cent Choice all wool Tennis Flannel for 25 cents per yard.

Muslin Underwear. A Ladies' Night Gown worth 60c. each, for 33c.

Flannel Skirts.

A $2.00 Flannel Skirt for $1.29 each, which you must not fail to see. It's a Bargain.

Chenille Table Covers. For 48c. Each.

Black Dress Goods.

THREE VERY GOOD BARGAINS

A 75c Cloth for 49c.
A $1.00 Cloth for 69c.
A $1.25 Cloth for 75c.

Ladies' Flannel Waists. You can buy them at HALF PRICE.

Blankets.

In this department we are offering some very good bargains. Ask to see our $1.08 Grey Blanket; also the Red, All Wool Blanket, which we are selling for

$2.50 Per Pair.

Fancy Scrim. A lot of Fancy Scrim worth 15c per yard, for 3c PER YARD.

Lace Curtains.

. . . . . Irish Point and White Lace Curtains at a Great Bargain. . . . .

Cloaks.

A small lot of Cloaks in Colored and Black, worth $6.00 and $8.00 each, for $2.38.

Domestics!

Best Indigo Blue Prints for 4c.
Best Dark Prints for 4c.
Unbleached Cotton for 4c.
1 case of 10c Unbleached Cotton Flannel for 8c per yard.
3 cases of 8c Unbleached Cotton Flannel for 6c per yard.
1 case 7c Tennis Flannel for 5c per yard.

Linens!

30c Towels for 23c.
$1.25 Bed Covers for $1.00.
Bleached Table Linen, 2¼ yards wide, for 75c, which is very cheap at $1.25 per yard.

Besides these will be many other good bargains in this department.

BEGINNING ON

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 20th, 1883.

AND

CONTINUING FOR TWO WEEKS.

NO MORE. NO LESS!

G. E. BLUEM,

57 Public Square - - Lima, Ohio.

- - Dress Goods and Cloak House - -

THE EVENING PAPER
Contains the News of To-day.

THE MORNING PAPER
The Events of Yesterday.

VOL. X, NO. 28.



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects; prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

OUR
MICHA

But the tremendous success of ou
ing to celebrate last year's succes
bound to make it greater. It pay
but here are a few startlers that

Men's Suits.

$10 and $12 suits—any of them well worth $$ the original price. Anniversary Upset Sale price.....

$14 and $15 suits of good, honest materials, well made and neat patterns. Anniversary Upset Sale price.....

$16 and $18 suits, made of very desirable materials, in the newest designs. Anniversary Upset Sale price.....

$20 and $22 suits of fine imported and domestic fabrics in all the newest styles. Anniversary Upset Sale price.....

$24 and $25 suits in all the leading styles and finest materials Anniversary Upset Sale price.....

Men's Overcoats.

Good, strong Chinchilla Overcoats, worth $8 and $7. Anniversary Upset Sale price.....

$12 and $14 Overcoats, choice patterns, well made of desirable materials. Anniversary Upset Sale price.....

$16 and $18 Overcoats, nicely made and trimmed. Anniversary Upset Sale price.....

Our $20 and $22 Overcoats, all tailor made and of choice material. Anniversary Upset Sale price.....

Our $24 and $25 Overcoats, half satin lined, fine imported and American fabrics. Anniversary Upset Sale price.....

Men's Pants.

Good, strong working Pants, extra well made. Anniversary Upset Sale price .....

$3 and $3.25 Pants, durable, nice looking and good wearers. Anniversary Upset Sale price.....

$3.75 and $4 business Pants, in neat patterns and mixtures. Anniversary Upset Sale price.....

$5.75 and $6 Pants, stylish patterns and a perfect fit. Hundreds to select from. Anniversary Upset Sale price.....

Clothing and

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects prepared only from the most health y and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to au and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY NEW YORK, N.Y.

STORMS IN ENGLAND.

Heavy Loss of Life and Property Destroyed.

THE GALE IS STILL RAGING.

Hundreds of Vessels Have Been Wrecked and Hundreds of Fishing Boats Are Still Missing—Much Damage Has Been Done to Livestock and Other Property on Shore.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Probably 150 lives have been lost during the gale which has swept over the British coast for the past 36 hours, and, in addition, the crews of several boats are still missing. The news arriving every hour records further fatalities and details the great damage done by the storm. It is generally agreed that the weather which has just visited the coast of England, Scotland and Ireland, is the most severe in many years.

Dispatches received from Banff say that the seashore for 30 miles is strewn with the wreckage of the vessels. The schooner Pioneer of Hull was the first vessel stranded. She was carried over the rocks and cast on the sand. Her crew was saved in their own boat.

At Grangemouth, the Barquentine Betty was wrecked on the rocks, but the crew was saved.

An unknown steamer was next wrecked on the Headland, and soon went to pieces. Grangemouth has been washed ashore with a quantity of internal fittings, lifeboats, etc., and it is also reported that several fishing boats have been lost off the same spot.

In Lough Feyle two wrecks are reported. The A. C. Beane from Miramichi, New Brunswick, which stranded at Malin Head, Donegal, lost her captain and seven of her crew. The Swedish seamen, who were shipped on the A. C. Beane were saved.

The bark Lancefield is reported ashore near Moville.

Owing to the severity of the weather, the railroads and telegraph lines in the north of Ireland are virtually stopped.

Three vessels have been wrecked near Leith, causing the loss, however, of only one life, the other endangered seamen being rescued by the lifeboats.

Some idea of the force of the gale can be gathered from the fact that two heavy railroad engines were blown off the track near Inverness, blocking all traffic north and necessitating the dispatch of two wrecking trains to clear the track. The wreckage trains have not since been heard from, so it is supposed that the work has been impeded by a fall of snow.

Three yachts and two coasting vessels are reported ashore near Greenock.

Only four of the 12 members of the crew of the steamer Cintra, which was wrecked near St. Ives, Cornwall, escaped. The coast guard has been on the alert night and day all along the beach, and many exciting rescues by means of the rocket apparatus are reported. During these rescues the coast guardsmen brought ashore the seamen saved from the Cintra.

Late on Saturday evening the steamer Rosedale entered the harbor of St. Ives, but after letting go her anchors both chains were carried away and she drifted toward the rocks. The coastguardsmen manned their lifeboat and were preparing to go to the rescue when the Rosedale stranded on the rocks, and they, with difficulty, managed to rescue the crew by means of the rocket line.

Tremendous damage has been done at West Hartlepool by the storm which will cause much loss and consequent suffering to the miners of that locality. Considerable anxiety is expressed for the safety of the crew of a hundred fishing boats which were last seen being driven northward by the force of the gale.

From all parts of Ireland, where there is telegraph communication, come reports of the severity of the gale which has been accompanied there by a heavy snowstorm. Several fatalities and numerous cases of injury are reported at Waterford, Garrick Fergus, Belfast, Newry and Skibbereen. Hundreds of fishingboats are missing, and numerous wrecks are reported in addition, and the harbors are filled with weather-bound vessels. Much loss has also been caused to livestock, and considerable damage has been done to houses and produce.

The landing stage at Londonderry has vanished and the steam ferry was sunk. During the height of the fury of the gale, the steamer Hampshire was driven ashore in St. Ives bay and was pounded to pieces near Gurnard's Head, 21 of the Hampshire's crew being drowned. Only one man managed to reach the shore alive. The Hampshire belonged to Glasgow and was of 2,597 registered tons. She left Liverpool on Thursday last, and was going to Cardiff for coal. She was commanded by Captain Weir.

Such was the fury of the gale she encountered that the steamer became almost unmanageable from the outset and the boats were torn from the stanchions, to which a spare crank head was fastened, loosening the latter and causing it to penetrate the ship's side. The position of the Hampshire was soon most critical, and Captain Weir decided to run for St. Ives bay.

When entering the bay the steamer began to sink. The sole survivor of her crew, Chief Mate Swanson, and four others got into a boat which was immediately swept from the ship's side, and as the boat was driven away from the steamer the chief mate says he saw her settling down by the stern and pounding near Gurnard's Head. When he last saw the Hampshire there was a boat alongside of her and some of the crew were endeavoring to reach her but it is believed that they were all drowned.

After a fearful night of exposure to wind and wave in the open boat, during which the chief mate and his four companions were nearly swamped over a hundred times, they began to near land at about 5 o'clock in the morning and considered themselves lucky in having escaped with their lives. Suddenly, however, just as the seamen were within easy reach of land, a more than usual heavy sea struck the boat capsizing it, and throwing its five occupants into the raging sea.

Then followed a terrible battle for life, during which, one after another, four of the five struggling men were sucked downward to their death, only Chief Mate Swanson having strength enough to swim ashore, and he landed in a condition of utter exhaustion. He cried loudly for help, which finally attracted the attention of a coast guardsman, who came to the half drowned man's assistance. His head and limbs were badly cut and his whole body was severely contused by being dashed against the rocks.

Chief Mate Swanson, upon being questioned regarding the fate of his four companions in the boat, said that he did not see them after they were all thrown into the water, but, he added, their shrieks could be heard and the waves swept over and over them. Swanson was hampered with the heavy clothing he wore, and as the boat seemed to disappear soon after it was capsized, he was utterly unable to render any assistance to his unfortunate companions.

A lifeboat from the Hampshire and the body of one of the sailors, still warm, were stranded off St. Ives Head shortly afterward, leaving people to believe that this man succeeded in clambering upon the overturned boat, and that he must have been very near shore when swept from his hold and drowned.

A few hours later another body, supposed to be that of a seaman belonging to the Hampshire, was washed ashore.

Owing to the severity of the storm the mailboats running between Dover and Calais have been compelled to suspend their trip, which is a very unusual occurrence, as these vessels venture across the channel in very heavy weather. Many vessels have sought shelter badly damaged under the lee of the high, jutting cliffs of the channel, and at least two vessels are known to have perished on the Goodwin sound. A lifeboat attempted to reach one of these vessels, but was compelled to return without having been able to rescue any of the endangered men, as both vessels disappeared before the lifeboats could get alongside of them.

Nine vessels are reported stranded between Grimsby and Cleethorpe and two of these were dashed to pieces during the night, so fearful was the sea that the lifeboat was unable to leave the harbor, though its crew made several attempts to do so and lost their oarswalne during these attempts, the lifeboat men being crushed between the pier and the boat.

Several steamers and a number of sailing vessels are reported in distress off Spurn Head, at the entrance of the Humber river, Yorkshire.

The schooner Wicklusses has been wrecked near Yarmouth and five of the crew were drowned while the boat lay on the rocks, pounding to pieces in full view of thousands of spectators, who were utterly unable to be of any assistance to the drowning men. It was impossible to launch the lifeboat on account of the tremendous sea dashing upon the coasts and the schooner was too far out to be reached by the rocket line.

Considerable anxiety is felt for the safety of the large Yarmouth herring fleet, as well as for the safety of a number of Scotch fishingboats, which had just started for home when the gale burst over the coast and which have not been heard from since.

The Lowestraft lifeboat has rescued the crews of three schooners, saved 12 men from drowning, puttin_ to sea in the face of a blinding snowstorm and bitterly tarashing sea.

The streets of Scarborough, the well known watering place, are filled with debris. Seventeen fishing smacks have not returned, and the greatest anxiety is felt for their safety.

About 10 o'clock at night, amid the driving storm, a large steamer was seen running before the gale with a tar barrel blazing on board of her as a signal of distress. The Scarborough coast guard immediately started down with the rocket apparatus, but when nearing Filey, eight miles from Scarborough, the coast guardsmen lost sight of the steamer. They managed, however, to notify the coast guard station at Filey who then took up the chase, and after a long and exciting pursuit along the coast, station after station of the coast guard being notified to be on the lookout for the vessel in distress, the steamer was finally driven ashore and made out to be the Rose of Aberdeen.

The steamer went ashore near Spreeton Cliff, where the coast guardsmen managed to fire a rocket line over her and the crew hauling the breeches buoy tackle on board, they were rescued just as the steamer seemed upon the point of breaking up.

The coast guardsmen had hardly got the men belonging to the Rose ashore through the surf, when at about 1 o'clock in the morning the Norwegian three-masted vessel Armie was driven ashore by the fearful sea and wind prevailing and began to pound to pieces on the rocks, the seas making a clean sweep over her and washing the crew overboard one after another, only the mate out of the entire crew being saved.

The fishing boat Vine, during the gale, captized entirely off Scarborough and was lost to sight, while thousands of people saw the crew of eight men struggle in the waves and sink, after being completely exhausted.

The Hollyhead coast guardsmen succeeded in rescuing 37 men from five vessels which have been stranded there.

The trawler Dauntless has been wrecked at Downreay near Thurse, Caithness, Scotland, and seven of her crew of eight were drowned. Several other trawlers have been driven ashore near the same spot and are expected to become total wrecks.

From present reports the total number of deaths from drowning during the gale is 131, and this without reckoning the crews of several vessels which have been seen to founder off the coast, and the total fatalities, irrespective of the numerous crews of missing fishing fleets, is estimated at quite 200, according to the most conservative estimates.

It is impossible at this hour to give in detail the number and description of the wrecks or the damage done to house and property, but latest reports are that the gale now shows some signs of abating.

The packetboat Killurney, from Milford, arrived at Cork today, and reports that when 15 miles on the sighted the disabled National line steamer Helvena showing signals of distress. The Killarney stood by the Helvetia for five hours, but was unable owing to the tremendous sea to take her in tow, and was obliged to leave her to her fate.

Dispatches from Calais say that a terrific gale has been blowing there and that telegraphic communication is interrupted. It is added that 32 fishing-boats have already been driven ashore, and that 13 fishermen have been drowned.

Reports received from all parts of the north of France say the most severe weather has prevailed along that coast and that there have been many wrecks near Havre, Cherborg and Fecamp. Telegraphic communication throughout England is interrupted.

FIEND PRENDERGAST.

The Slayer of Mayor Harrison Will Try to Prove "Justification."

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.—Prendergast, the slayer of Mayor Harrison, whose trial is set for one week from today, is not pleased by the defense his attorneys have decided upon. "They propose to enter a plea of insanity," said he yesterday. "I shall object to that. I want to acknowledge the commission of the crime and plead and prove justification."

"In what way will you prove justification?"

"The broken promise to make me corporation counsel. And then there are other things. It will all come out at the trial. I'm very much displeased with the idea of entering the plea of insanity. I'm not insane. I was justified in the shooting. The way the newspapers handled the story was amusing and also displeasing. They called me crank, lunatic, crazy, insane and a lot of other things. And the pictures, some of them were simply horrible. I'm not insane and don't want that kind of a defense."

In Favor of Statehood.

CADDO, I. T., Nov. 20.—A convention held here elected 50 delegates to attend the Oklahoma statehood convention at Kingfisher. The Choctaws, by blood, were in the majority and J. K. Lawrence, a Choctaw lawyer, was chosen chairman. The convention adopted a resolution favoring statehood and instructed its delegates to vote that way.

Sawmill Boiler Explodes.

HENDERSON, Ky., Nov. 20. — The boiler of Holliday & Handleys sawmill burst, killing Engineer Harvey Minton and his brother Cohn, both being badly mangled. Another man was badly injured.

WILL YOU HELP US CELEBRATE?

OUR ANNIVERSARY UP-SET SALE

Begins to-day, and it will be a memorable one in the history of

MICHAEL'S CLOTHING AND SHOE STORES.

Again We Shall Lead the Fight, and Again Others Will Follow.

But the tremendous success of our 1892 Up-set Sale will ever be a thing of magnitude in the annals of Lima merchandising, as it will be a specter to imitating competitors who shrink when Up-set Sale is mentioned. We are going to celebrate last year's success with another—anniversary—Up-set Sale, but it will be, if anything greater than ever. Greater on account of lower prices; greater on account of a bigger stock to be sold; greater because we are bound to make it greater. It pays you, it pays your neighbor, it pays everybody to read carefully what we have to say about Low Prices and about high class merchandise. We have not room for quoting figures on everything, but here are a few startlers that must interest you whether you want to buy or not:

Men's Suits.

$10 and $12 suits—any of them well worth the original price. Anniversary Upset Sale price ..... $ 7.88

$14 and $15 suits of good, honest materials, well made and neat patterns. Anniversary Upset Sale price..... 9.88

$16 and $18 suits, made of very desirable materials, in the newest designs. Anniversary Upset Sale price..... 11.75

$20 and $22 suits of fine imported and domestic fabrics in all the newest styles. Anniversary Upset Sale price..... 14.75

$24 and $25 suits in all the leading styles and finest materials Anniversary Upset Sale price 16.75

Men's Overcoats.

Good, strong Chinchilla Overcoats, worth $8 and $7. Anniversary Upset Sale price ..... $ 2.98

$12 and $14 Overcoats, choice patterns, well made of desirable materials. Anniversary Upset Sale price 8.48

$16 and $18 Overcoats, nicely made and trimmed. Anniversary Upset Sale price 11.75

Our $20 and $22 Overcoats, all tailor made, and of choice material. Anniversary Upset Sale price 14.75

Our $24 and $25 Overcoats, half satin lined, fine imported and American fabrics. Anniversary Upset Sale price..... 16.75

Men's Pants.

Good, strong working Pants, extra well made. Anniversary Upset Sale price 69c

$2 and $2.25 Pants, durable, nice looking and good wearers. Anniversary Upset Sale price..... $ 1.24

$2.75 and $3 business Pants, in neat patterns and mixtures. Anniversary Upset Sale price..... 1.98

$3.75 and $4 Pants, stylish patterns and a perfect fit. Hundreds to select from. Anniversary Upset Sale price 2.98

Boys' and Children's Clothing.

Child's Double Breasted Suits, in new and pretty patterns, 4 to 16 years, regular price $4 Anniversary Upset Sale price ..... $ 2.75

Child's Double Breasted Suits, in plain, checks and mixtures, 4 to 16 years regular price $5. Anniversary Upset Sale price ... 3.75

Child's nobby 2 piece suits, double breasted in black and fancy Cheviots checks and plaids in cassimeres, 4 to 16 years, regular price $7 and 7.50. Anniversary Upset Sale price..... 5.00

Boys' single and double breasted suits, of good, honest material, well made, neat patterns. Regular price $10. Anniversary Up-set Sale price..... 6.88

Boys' single and double breasted suits, in plain and fancy Cheviots, also plaids and checks, well made and fit perfectly, 13 to 19 years; regular price $16 Anniversary Upset Sale price..... 9.48

Child's cape overcoats, dark colors and neat patterns, 4 to 15 years; regular price $4.50 Anniversary Upset Sale price 3.00

Boys' Overcoats, strong and durable, 13 to 19 years; regular price $7. Anniversary Upset Sale price..... 4.98

Boys' Overcoats, single and double breasted in beavers, cheviots and mottans, 13 to 19 years; regular price $12 to $15. Anniversary Upset Sale price 9.48

Boys' Overcoats, single and double breasted new styles and very swell, 13 to 19 years; regular price $20 Anniversary Upset Sale price 15.00

Boys' Wear.

Boys' long pants, 13 to 19 years. Regular price $3 Anniversary Upset Sale price ..... $ 1.98

Boys' long pants, 13 to 19 years. Regular price $4.50. Anniversary Up set Sale price 3.00

Flannel Waists, 4 to 14 years, in blue, brown and gray. Regular price 75. Anniversary Up-set Sale price 68c

Flannel Waists, 4 to 14 years, in blue, brown and gray. Regular price $1.50 Anniversary Up-set Sale price..... 98c

Child's short pants, 4 to 14 years, pretty patterns. Regular price 65c Anniversary Up-set Sale price 42c

Child's short pants, 4 to 15 years. Regular price $1.00. Anniversary Up-set Sale price 79c

Hat Department.

Men's stiff and soft hats, exclusive hatters price $3 Anniversary Up-set sale price..... 75c

Men's soft and stiff hats, exclusive hatters' price $3.50 Anniversary Up-set Sale price ..... $ 1.00

Men's stiff and soft hats, exclusive hatters' price $3 Anniversary Up-set Sale price..... 1.50

Men's stiff and soft hats exclusive hatters price $3.50. Anniversary Up-set Sale price 2.00

Men's stiff and soft hats, exclusive hatters' price $4 Anniversary Up-set Sale price..... 2.50

Boys' and child's hats, exclusive hatters' price 75c Anniversary Up-set Sale price..... 25c

Boys' and child's hats exclusive hatters price $1. Anniversary Up-set Sale price 49c

Boys' and child's hats exclusive hatters' price $1.50. Anniversary Up-set Sale price..... 75c

Men's Shoes.

Solid, well made working shoes, in lace, all sizes Exclusive shoe dealers' price $1.50. Anniversary Upset Sale price..... $ 1.28

First quality calf, Goodyear welt, "Blucher," in piccadilly and square toe, all sizes. Exclusive shoe dealers' price $3.50. Anniversary Upset Sale price..... 2.69

Solid and well made, in lace and Congress, plain or tipped toes, all sizes. Exclusive shoe dealers' price $2.25. Anniversary Upset Sale price 1.87

Misses' and Children's Shoes.

Best quality goat button, either heels or spring heels, solo leather tipped toes, sizes 11 to 2 Exclusive shoe dealers' price $2.25 Anniversary Upset Sale price.... $ 1.69

Fine dongola kid button for misses, spring heels, patent leather tipped toes, square toes, sizes 11 to 2. Exclusive dealers' price $2 Anniversary Upset Sale price.... 1.37

Misses' spring heel or heel button shoes, in goat or dongola kid, sizes 11 to 2 Exclusive dealers' price $1.75 Anniversary Upset Sale price..... 1.29

Misses' fine dongola kid button shoes, in opera and common sense, plain toes, sizes 12 to 2. Exclusive shoe dealers' price $2 50 and 2 Anniversary Upset Sale price 1.17

Misses' dongola kid button shoes, spring heels, patent leather tipped toes, sizes 11 to 2. Exclusive dealers' price $1.50 Anniversary Upset Sale price..... 98c

Child's dongola spring heel button shoes, patent leather tips, sizes 8½ to 10. Exclusive dealers' price $1.25. Anniversary Upset Sale price..... 75c

Ladies' Shoes.

Fine hand sewed, turned sole, bluchor pattern, patent leather tipped and trimmed AA to B widths sizes 2 to 7. Exclusive shoe dealers' price $5.50. Anniversary Upset Sale price..... $ 3.48

Fine dongola kid, extension sole, button shoes, all dongola and cloth tops all styles toes, patent leather tipped and plain. Exclusive shoe dealers' price $4 to $5 Anniversary Up-set sale price 2.48

Dongola kid button and lace turned soles and extension, patent leather tips, AA to E widths all sizes Exclusive shoe dealers' price $3. Anniversary Upset Sale price. 1.89

Boys' and Youths' Shoes.

Boys' first grade calf shoes, lace, with tipped toes sizes 2 1-2 to 5 1-2. Exclusive dealers' price $2. Anniversary Upset Sale price ..... $ 1.57

Boys' solid leather school shoes, in lace or button, tipped toes, sizes 2 1-2 to 5 1-2. Exclusive dealers' price $1.50. Anniversary Upset Sale price 1.29

Youths' school shoes in lace or button, London toe tips, sizes 11 to 2. Exclusive dealers' price $1.50. Anniversary Upset Sale price 1.19

Youths' lace school shoes, London toe with tips. Exclusive dealers' price $1.50. Anniversary Upset Sale price..... 98c

MICHAEL'S

Clothing and Shoe Stores, 205,207,209 North Main Street, Opera House Block.

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